

PRESIDENT SENDS TO SENATE ALL THE HAY-REYES LETTERS ON THE PANAMA DIFFERENCES

SUMMARY OF NEWS

FORECAST.
Georgia—Fair Tuesday, except rain in northwest portion; Wednesday rain, with rising temperature; variable winds, mostly fresh east to southeast.

Highest temperature... 80
Lowest temperature... 54
Mean temperature... 67
Normal temperature... 62
Precipitation for past 24 hours... .00
Deficiency since first of month... .70
Deficiency since January 1... 1.70

LOCAL

The anniversary of the birth of General Robert E. Lee will be celebrated today with public exercises at the state capital and a banquet by the Virginia Society.

Representatives of seven southern Presbyterian synods will meet in Atlanta tonight to discuss the advisability of removing the university to Atlanta.

Daniel J. Sully, the millionaire cotton operator, indorses The Constitution editorial, and says 12,000,000 bales of cotton can be used.

State treasurer's report shows that there was a balance of more than \$1,000,000 on hand December 31, 1903.

Steps will be taken today to organize a committee to raise funds for a fitting memorial for General Gordon.

The funeral of the late Judge James A. Anderson occurred yesterday from the First Baptist church.

Entries for the annual exhibition of the Atlanta Fidelity Show Association will close Saturday.

The city hall has been ordered closed today in honor of the memory of General R. E. Lee.

GEORGIA

Dr. Taylor and Dr. Harris, of the board of health, visited Albany and reported no quarantine necessary on account of smallpox.

Judge Butt, of Columbus, denies vigorously that he had any fight and is looking for the person who started the report.

SOUTHERN

The Mississippi house yesterday passed resolutions denouncing President Roosevelt for his action in closing the postoffice at Indianapolis, where the citizens refused to receive their mail from the negro postmistress.

In a message to the Kentucky legislature, Governor Beckham makes it plain he will not oppose Senator Blackburn. He attacks Senator Cantrill, from which it is believed he will fight him.

Governor-Elect Vandam and retiring Governor Longino will not ride in the same carriage at the inauguration of the former Tuesday, nor will either have anything to say to the other.

At Danville, Va., yesterday, Brantley Carter, of Lynchburg, was shot and fatally wounded by George Hall, of Danville. The shooting was caused by domestic trouble.

Judge Thomas G. Jones, of the federal court for Alabama, was yesterday notified by the grand jury at Montgomery of ten indictments for perjury.

DOMESTIC

United States supreme court reaffirms ruling made some time ago that the exclusion of negroes from grand juries in cases involving criminal charges against members of their race is in violation of the constitution.

Hon. W. J. Bryan, at a "dollar dinner" at Lincoln, Neb., says the adoption of the Kansas City platform, in its entirety, should be the first action of the national democratic convention.

Replying to an invitation to attend the fiftieth anniversary of the birth of the republican party, President Roosevelt says republicans must stand for the same ideals now as in 1854.

The fifteenth annual convention of United Mine Workers of America is in session at Indianapolis. President Mitchell is presiding.

Representative Maddox, of Georgia, has been informed of further trouble in the Rome postoffice. Serious charges are made.

FOREIGN

In London Major Maud has been divorced from his wife on the ground that the latter's marriage to Dan R. Hanna, of Cleveland, Ohio, was bigamous.

In German southwest Africa the revolt of the natives is spreading and great damage is being done. The German troops are unable to put down the rebellion.

MARKETS

Sales of spot cotton in New Orleans 14,200 bales at 1-8c advance. Futures closed firm at the highest, net 19 1/2c points higher. Futures in New York closed 22 1/2c points up. Sales estimated at 600,000 bales.

May wheat was strong at the close, which was 1-8c higher for May. Corn closed at a gain of 3-8c, while oats were 1-8c and provisions 2 1/2c higher.

The dry goods market shows material improvement as to demand and buyers show more willingness to pay advanced prices.

SPORTS

Bezie McCarthy was the only successful favorite at yesterday's race at Ascot park, Los Angeles, bookmakers had the best of the day, only one favorite winning.

A large crowd will hear the lecture by Judge Emory Speer at the Academy of Music in Macon tonight on General Robert E. Lee, given for the benefit of the Macon hospital.

MORALES' MEN TAKE THE PLACE

Jimenez's Force at Puerto Plata Surrender Unconditionally.

Washington, January 18.—The navy department has received the following details of the surrender of Puerto Plata to the government troops from the commander of the United States ship Detroit:

"Puerto Plata, January 17, 1904.—Secretary Navy, Washington: After a fight beyond the cordon established by the United States outside the city limits, Jimenez's forces occupying Puerto Plata, surrendered unconditionally to Morales' forces. Perfect order prevails; business of the port will begin tomorrow morning at 8. No casualties among non-combatants; no destruction of property. Surrender and arrangements of terms concluded with order in the presence of Captain Robertson and me. Consider this a severe blow to Jimenez. Have a small force at the consulate.

MORE ARGUMENTS ON PANAMA CANAL

Senator Cullom Reports in Favor of Treaty.

Senator Morgan Immediately Enters Protest Against Acceptance of the Report and Then Discussion Becomes Heated and General.

Washington, January 18.—While the Panama canal question has been before the senate on general principles during the greater part of the present session the Panama canal treaty was not reported until today. It had no sooner been reported favorably to the senate in executive session than it became the subject of heated discussion.

Senator Cullom made a report in favor of the treaty, whereupon Senator Morgan, a member of the committee, at once entered formal protests against the acceptance of the report on the ground that when the committee decided to report the treaty an amendment was still under consideration, and that he had not had time to present an amendment looking to the striking out of article 22 of the treaty, in which Panama renounces her right to participate in the earnings of the canal when built.

Senator Morgan supported his written statement with a brief speech, and was immediately followed by Senator Daniel, with a resolution declaring against the policy of reporting any treaty or bill until each member shall have offered any amendments he may desire to present.

Senator Daniel declared that the course of the committee had been both precipitate and unfair, and urged that the treaty should be recommended for further consideration.

Replies were made by Senator Cullom, Senator Spooner and Senator Allison.

Speaking as chairman of the committee on foreign relations, Mr. Cullom said that the treaty had been in committee for almost a month before it was taken up. He conceded that during the greater portion of this time congress was not in session, but said he had called the committee to meet on the first regular meeting day after the senate reconvened, and that at its instance it had been holding daily sessions most of the time since.

He declared that very careful consideration had been given to all the details connected with the treaty and said that, instead of precipitancy being manifested, the committee had given the utmost consideration to all suggestions for amendments, and had adopted some of them. He felt that the majority had listened with great patience to all the representations made, and, therefore, had felt justified in putting the matter before the senate for its consideration.

Senator Spooner spoke along the same lines and went into detail to show that the committee had given the utmost consideration to all suggestions for amendments, and had adopted some of them. He felt that the majority had listened with great patience to all the representations made, and, therefore, had felt justified in putting the matter before the senate for its consideration.

Senator Allison suggested that democratic senators could offer amendments at any stage of the proceedings in the senate, and assured them that all such amendments would have fair and deliberate consideration.

No action was taken on Senator Daniel's resolution, or Senator Morgan's protest, but, before the senate adjourned, Senator Cullom gave notice that he would ask the senate to take up the treaty tomorrow or Wednesday, and until disposed of to consider it from day to day to the exclusion of other business.

CITIZEN TRAIN SUDDENLY DIES

Death Due to Heart Disease. Short Sketch of Deceased.

New York, January 18.—George Francis Train died tonight from heart disease, at Mills hotel No. 1, where he has lived for some years.

George Francis Train was born in Boston, March 24, 1829. He was orphaned in 1833, his father, mother and three sisters dying at New Orleans of yellow fever. He organized the firm of Train & Co., shipping agents, with offices here and in Australia, and started the first clipper ships to California in 1849. He promoted several railroads and made an independent race for president in 1872. He was noted as a prolific writer and for his eccentricities.

Heart disease, from which he died, followed an attack of acute nephritis.

Omaha, Neb., January 18.—George Francis Train came to Omaha in the early stages of the disease, and was prominent in business affairs. It was he who conceived the idea of constructing the Union Pacific railroad. He laid out a number of additions to the city and here he organized the Credit Foncier and Credit Mobilier, for the purpose of raising money to finance the Union Pacific.

Nashville Citizens Want Canal.

Nashville, Tenn., January 18.—A largely attended mass meeting of citizens held at the chamber of commerce tonight, resolutions requesting Tennessee's senators to vote for the ratification of the Panama canal treaty were adopted almost unanimously.

Reyes Insists That Colombia Was Unfairly Interfered With by United States.

HAY "GREATLY SURPRISED" AT GROSS IMPUTATIONS REPEATED BY GEN. REYES

Correspondence Between the Representative of Colombia and Secretary of State Was Red Hot. Neither Minced Words in Their Diplomatic Exchanges—Hay Firm.

Washington, January 18.—President Roosevelt transmitted to the senate today additional correspondence between the United States and Colombia respecting Panama, covering the period from December 23, 1903, to January 6 last.

A statement of grievances on the part of Colombia was presented to the state department by General Reyes on December 23. General Reyes says that the course of the United States had worked deep injury to Colombia. He maintained that in rejecting the canal treaty Colombia was exercising a perfect right, and said he believed a treaty would be accepted but for the threats of General Beaufort that his government would reject any amendments.

And he cited the treaty of 1846 as showing that the independence and sovereignty of Colombia was to be maintained intact between the two governments.

General Reyes said with reference to the Hay-Herran treaty that the same course was followed in Bogota as was pursued in Washington. If the treaty, he said, had been rejected in Washington the disapproval would have involved no grievance for Colombia, and that the Colombian congress in its disapproval of the treaty simply exercised a vested right.

This action, he maintained, did not disqualify the Colombian government for the conclusion of another treaty.

In speaking of the action of the Colombian congress in its efforts to amend the treaty General Reyes says: "I firmly believe that it would have approved the convention with amendments that would probably have been acceptable to the United States had not the American minister at Bogota repeatedly declared in the most positive manner that his government would reject any amendments that might be offered."

Reyes Quotes Instructions. After citing the instructions to Minister Beaufort, made public by the state department heretofore in this connection, General Reyes concluded:

"No one will wonder that under the pressure of threats so serious and irritating, and in presence of a formal notification from the party which had the authority to serve it, that no amendment would be accepted, preference was given to disapproval."

As to the recognition of the republic of Panama, General Reyes said that it is a matter of public knowledge that the mother country commands sufficient force to subdue a revolution. "The attitude of the United States," he says, "constitutes, according to the most ancient and modern authority on international law, not only a great offense, but also a formal attack upon her wealth."

After declaring that Panama formed the most important part of the national wealth of Colombia, General Reyes continues:

Before the news was divulged that a revolution was about to break out on the isthmus, General Reyes says, a United States military officer stopped the railway from carrying to Panama, as it was under obligation to do, a battalion of troops from Bogota, which had just arrived at Colon, "at the very time when its arrival in that city would have impeded or suppressed any revolutionary attempt."

General Reyes said that in leading the Colombian army to restore order on the isthmus he (Reyes) had the honor to deliver a note on the subject to Rear Admiral Coghlan, to which he received a reply without delay as follows:

"His (Coghlan's) present orders are to prevent the landing of soldiers with hostile intent, within the boundary of the state of Panama."

At this time the Colombian army consisted of 10,000 men, which General Reyes declared to be more than sufficient to suppress the Panama revolution, "if your excellency's government had not prevented the landing of the troops under my command that were to embark at Puerto Colombia."

In this connection General Reyes calls attention to the fact that there is no overland way to reach Panama from Colombia.

"The true character of the new state of Panama," says General Reyes, "is revealed in the fact that it came into existence by a coup de main, effected by the winning over of troops, valorous without doubt, but who have fought against no



PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT. He Sent to the Senate Yesterday the full Text of the Hay-Reyes Correspondence.

SHAKING UP IS EXPECTED IN ROME OFFICE

Charges That Letters to Patrons of Postoffice Have Been Opened.

THAT RIFLED LETTERS WERE FOUND IN SEWER

Startling Disclosures Looked for When Inspectors Make Their Report—Postmaster and Clerk Brown Prefer Charges Against Each Other.

By Jos. Ohl.

Washington, January 18.—(Special.)—Representative Maddox has been notified of further trouble in the Rome postoffice. Postmaster Helm has preferred charges against Delivery Clerk Brown of inefficiency, neglect of duty and drunkenness. Brown, in a spirit of retaliation, charges the postmaster with drunkenness and using profane language in the postoffice.

Representative Maddox says the postoffice inspectors are now at work on the Rome postoffice and it is probable there will be a general shaking up in that office all along the line. He says he is informed that the inspectors, in following up the charges that officials of the postoffice were opening letters addressed to patrons of the postoffice, that several hundred letters, which had been opened, were found in a sewer connected with the postoffice. Many of these letters showed that they were originally accompanied by checks and drafts to the amount of several hundred dollars.

Judge Maddox says that he has been informed that there has been a persistent looting of the mails by postoffice officials and some startling disclosures are expected before the investigation of the Rome postoffice is concluded.

More Pay for Court Officials. Senator Clay today introduced a bill providing that bailiffs, clerks and other officials of the federal courts shall be paid \$3 a day instead of \$2, as is now provided. A recent act of congress provided the larger remuneration for officials of the court in Alabama and at the suggestion of Judge Newman the senator is seeking to secure similar increase for Georgia.

Changes in Committees. Under changes in committees, announced by Speaker Cannon today, Mr. Hardwick, of the tenth district, becomes a member of the committee on coinage, weights and measures, instead of the purely nominal committee of revision of the laws to which he was first assigned.

Judge Briggs resigned his place on the coinage committee, his duties upon other committees being such as to make it impossible to give the time to this one that he would like.

Senator Bacon Has Cold.

Because of a sore throat from which he is suffering Senator Bacon has been confined to his room for several days. His physician has forbidden him to attempt to get to the senate while the weather continues bad.

EXPERIENCED BAD WEATHER.

Danish Steamer Arrives at Copenhagen After Rough Voyage.

London, January 18.—The Danish steamer Patria, Captain Larsen, has arrived at Copenhagen from Port Tampa and Norfolk, and reports the captain and several of the crew injured. The steamer experienced severe weather on the voyage. Drifts were broken, one boat was lost and she sustained other damage.

Baltimore, January 18.—A Beaufort, N. C., dispatch to The Maritime Exchange from Savannah for Joseph W. Brooks, lumber laden from Savannah, bound for Baltimore, struck on Outer Diamond Lookout shoals at 3 o'clock Sunday morning. Heavy seas boarded her, carrying away the only small boat which contained the captain and crew's personal effects and deckload, leaving them at the mercy of the waves. She settled down and filled with water, and the crew took to the lifeboats. At daylight the Cape Lookout life-saving station crew rescued Captain Davidson and seven sailors. The vessel and cargo are a total loss.

COLOMBIA'S HOPE GONE STATES BOGOTA CABLE; CANAL TREATY CERTAIN



GENERAL REYES, OF COLOMBIA. It Is Believed That He Cabled to Bogota That at Least One-Third and Probably One-Half of the Democratic Senators Intend to Vote for the Treaty—His Correspondence with Secretary of State Hay Is Published This Morning.

NEW YORK FOR DEMOCRATS, SAYS HON. C. LITTLEFIELD

Does Not See How Republicans Can Win in Empire State, But Says They Will Win the Presidency.

DULUTH, MINN., January 18.—(Special.)—"I do not see how the republicans can hope to carry New York this fall," said Congressman Charles E. Littlefield, of Maine, in an interview here this evening. "However, making allowance for the almost certain loss of New York, I believe the republicans will triumph in the presidential contest."

Congressman Littlefield, who does not write what might be called copper plate script, was forced to call down a hotel clerk who could not read his signature on the register. E. B. Vanbergen, the clerk, studied over it a long time. "I shall have to ask you what this is," he finally said.

"You are not very apt in your line," said the Maine statesman, with some hauteur. "The name is Charles E. Littlefield. At that it looked like a lariat thrown loosely upon the register and Vanbergen insisted that he "could read English."



CONGRESSMAN LITTLEFIELD, Who Concedes New York to the Democrats in Presidential Election.

1,400 BALES SOLD AT 13 1/4; 240 BALES BROUGHT 13 5/8

Huntsville, Ala., January 18.—(Special.) James E. Butler, of New Hope, has sold 1,400 bales of cotton to a local agency at the uniform rate of 13 1/4c per pound. The money consideration was nearly \$100,000, making this the largest sale of cotton ever made in Madison county.

Cotton Bought 13 5/8 Cents.

Montgomery, Ala., January 18.—A round lot of cotton, 240 bales, was sold here today by W. A. Crenshaw, a leading farmer of Lowndes county, for 15 5/8 cents a pound, the highest price paid for a round lot in this market for many years. The cotton averaged extra grade and the price paid was that at which strict middling was quoted. The transaction involved \$18,000. The cotton will be shipped to Japan or other foreign markets.

QUAY TO LEAVE FOR FLORIDA

Senator Advised by Physicians To Try Rest Cure To Regain Health.

By Jos. Ohl.

Washington, January 18.—(Special.)—Senator Quay expects to leave Washington for Florida on Wednesday and to remain in the Land of Flowers until his health improves. The Pennsylvania senator has been suffering recently with insomnia. His stay in Florida is indefinite.

It is probable that Senator Quay will not return until next spring, unless he is called back to renew the effort to pass a statehood bill through the senate. Even then he will be guided by consideration for his health.

The senator realizes that he is in bad physical condition and that the utmost care is needed to prolong his life. This fact was impressed upon him during his visit to Philadelphia a few days ago. While there he consulted a specialist, who told him that the "rest cure" was his only hope and ordered a dropping of all work and worry.

WON'T OPPOSE JOE BLACKBURN

Beckham Apparently Prefers To Fight Cantrill for Toga.

By Jos. Ohl.

Frankfort, Ky., January 18.—In the house today, following the reporting of the Cantrell school bill to that body, Speaker Brown presented and had read a letter from Governor Beckham bitterly assailing Senator Cantrill.

In the course of the letter the governor makes known that he will not be a candidate to succeed Senator Blackburn.

The governor in dealing with the school bill charges Cantrill with having defeated school book legislation at the last session and that his advocacy of the measure is now insincere.



CLIFFORD SMYTH. He is the Only Correspondent in Bogota and is Cabling out the Only and Latest News of the Situation There.

Clifford Smyth Says Message to This Effect Has Reached the Colombian Capital.

CONCEDING ONE-THIRD OF DEMOCRATIC SENATORS SURE TO VOTE TO RATIFY

Even More Than One-Third Likely To Favor Panama Treaty, Is Cabled to Bogota—It Is Believed by Smyth That General Reyes Sent It.

By CLIFFORD SMYTH, Special Correspondent of The Constitution in Colombia.

Bogota, Colombia, January 17, via Galveston, January 18.—A cable received here, and believed to have been sent by General Reyes, gives up all hope of a blocking of the canal treaty.

The information is given ex-cathedra to the government that Colombia cannot rely on a solid democratic opposition to the treaty, and that certainly one-third, if not fully one-half, of the democrats in the senate will vote for the treaty as the best and quickest way to get a canal.

People here have been led to believe that the democrats were practically solid and that the matter would be made an issue in the presidential campaign.

The contents of the cablegram have not been made public property, and will be slow in getting throughout the country.

The result of the dissemination of the news of this final blow to Colombian hopes is difficult to estimate.

COLOMBIANS LISTLESS AS TO WAR BUT LIBERALS ARE OUT AFTER REYES

Also Want to Disband the Army. Cable Dated January 16th Says Velez May Be President. Constitutional Convention Unlikely.

By CLIFFORD SMYTH.

Special Cable to The Constitution.

Bogota, Colombia, January 16, via Galveston, January 18.—Conditions here are as chaotic as ever, with the addition of a listlessness that is unlike Colombians.

The first flush of the war fever seems over, and in the place of it is a resentment against General Reyes, who has indefinitely postponed his home-coming, and a well defined movement on the part of the liberals to disband the army.

The military men want war, and so do some of the people; in fact, an expedition has already been formed to go to the coast in the event of a war declaration. The government asserts that an army is necessary for the maintenance of the nation, although it asserts that the secession movements in other districts has greatly weakened.

There is considerable discontent over the statement that the promised constitutional convention will not take place, the government assuring that the necessity for it has passed away.

The failure of General Reyes to make any headway in the United States has undoubtedly made him unpopular, and there is much discussion as to the reason for his remaining away from here when he is very much needed.

Continued on Second Page.

Continued on Page Two.

OPPENHEIM'S BULLETIN
"ONLY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING"

OUR WHISKIES ARE THE BEST

PURE—SURE

OPPENHEIM'S No. 14
FULL QTS. \$1.50; GALLON 5.00

OPPENHEIM'S MISTLETOE
FULL QTS. \$1.00; GALLON \$3.50

THREE (1-5 ALABAMA (Wholesale)
STORES (1-5 FLORIDA (Wholesale)
ST. PAUL, MINN.

NO COLOR LINE ON GRAND JURY

United States Supreme Court
Reaffirms Its Former Rul-
ing on Question.

Washington, January 18.—The United States supreme court today reaffirmed the ruling made some time ago in the case of Carter v. the State of Texas to the effect that the exclusion of negroes from grand juries in cases involving criminal charges against members of their race is in violation of the constitution, and, therefore, not permissible.

The decision was delivered by Justice Holmes, in the case of a resident of Alabama, named Rogers, who was indicted for murder by a jury composed entirely of white men, and from which, it is charged, all negroes were excluded because of their color. The supreme court of the state upheld the regularity of the proceeding, but Rogers brought it to the federal court on a writ of error, with the result that the decision of the state court was reversed, and the case remanded to the state courts for further proceedings not inconsistent with today's opinion.

The decision was based on the Carter case, in which it was held that "exclusion of all persons of the African race from a grand jury which finds indictment against a negro in a state court, when they are excluded solely because of race or color, denied him equal protection of the laws in violation of the fourteenth amendment of the constitution of the United States, whether such exclusion is through the action of the legislature, through the courts or through the executive or administrative officers of the state."

Ex-governor Bushnell at Rest.
Springfield, Ohio, January 18.—The funeral of former Governor Ass. Bushnell was held here today. Among the many who came from out of town were Senator and Mrs. F. Parker, Governor Hefrick and staff, former Governor George K. Nash and Assistant Secretary of State Loomis and Mrs. Loomis.

Alleged Bank Robbers Caught.
Roanoke, Va., January 18.—Three men, believed to be the parties who robbed the National bank of Rocky Mount at Rocky Mount last Saturday morning, when more than \$4,000 were taken, were arrested at Salem, this county today and are in jail there, awaiting the arrival of parties from Rocky Mount to identify them. The men are said to answer the description of three strangers who were in Rocky Mount last week and who left there on the night the bank safe was dynamited. Rewards of \$500 have been offered for the capture of the robbers.

Two Hundred Boiler Makers Strike.
Chattanooga, January 18.—All the boiler makers in the shops of Walsh & Weldmeyer & Co., the Sherman company, the Lookout boiler works and the works at Battelle, Ala., which is the Chattanooga territory, went out on a strike today, numbering 200. The union demand was eight dollars per day to which the employers refused to concede. Employers announce that the shops will be filled with non-union men if union men hold out.

Passenger Men at St. Augustine.
St. Augustine, Fla., January 18.—The Southern Railway Association, representing all the railroads south of Washington and east of the Mississippi river, began its annual meeting here today in the rotunda of the Ponce de Leon. About one hundred railroad men are attending. They will remain until the latter part of the week.

**W. J. BRYAN REAFFIRMS
KANSAS CITY PLANKS**

Says First Act of Democratic
Convention Should Be Their
Adoption in Entirety.

HIS SPEECH AT THE
LINCOLN DOLLAR DINNER

Deaf Ear Should Be Turned to the
Cry of "Anything To Win."
Time for Honest and Ag-
gressive Action Has Come.
Conditions Alarming
He Says.

Lincoln, Neb., January 18.—A formal reception to William J. Bryan on his return from Europe, taking the form of a "dollar dinner," was held tonight, and it was attended by nearly 700 democrats. The dinner was intended as a testimonial of regard and sympathy with Mr. Bryan's political policies and to mark his entry into active participation in the pre-convention campaign. Mr. Bryan spoke to "The Moral Issue." His speech was heartily applauded.

Mr. Bryan said:
"Instead of talking of concessions and compromises, it is time for honest and aggressive action. We are confronted with a condition that may well alarm the thoughtful and patriotic. We find corruption everywhere. Voters are bought at so much a head, representatives in our city governments are profligate in their positions and even federal officers are selling influence. What is the cause? The commercial spirit that puts a price on everything and resolves every question into 'Will it pay?' This commercialism has given popularity to that theory of government which permits the granting of privileges to a favored few and defends the theory by an attempt to show that the money thus given directly finds its way indirectly back into the pockets of the tax-payers."

"If a party makes certain classes rich by law, will it not naturally turn to those classes for contributions during the campaign? If congress votes millions of dollars annually to tariff barons, money magnates and monopolists, is it not natural that an alderman should traffic in the small legislation of a city council, and if officials, high and low, use the government as if it were a private asset, is it surprising that many individuals who are without official position, yield to the temptation to sell the only political influence they have, namely, the ballot? What is the remedy? There is only one remedy, an appeal to the moral sense of the country, an awakening of public conscience."

"And how can this appeal be made? Not by showing a greater desire for the spoils of office than for reform, but by turning a deaf ear to the contemptible cry of 'anything to win,' and by announcing an honest and straightforward position on every public question."

"I shall accept imperialism as an accomplished fact in order to appease those who are willing to endorse government without the consent of the governed? There can be no thought of such a surrender, for who would trust us to deal with other questions if we prove false to the fundamental principles of self-government?"

"Shall we change our position on the tariff question in order to secure the support of the trust magnates? Not for a moment can we think of it. We want the trust magnates against us, not for us."

"Shall we abandon our advocacy of bimetalism in order to conciliate those who defeated the party in other campaigns? Never. Some phase of the money question is always before congress, and no one can predict when the coinage phase of the money question will again become acute. No reform of any kind would be possible with the money changers in control of the party."

"Shall we change our position on the tariff question in order to conciliate those who are enjoying the benefits of protection? It is absurd to suggest it, for the same principle which runs through all of the abuses from which the people suffer."

"The Kansas City platform is sound on every plank, and the first act of the next democratic convention should be to reaffirm it in its entirety and its next act should be the adoption of new planks in harmony with it and covering such new questions as demand consideration."

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WALL OF WATER CAME ON THEM

Reservoir Bursts, Drowning
Thirty Persons and De-
stroying Houses.

Bloomington, Orange River Colony,
January 18.—About thirty persons were drowned and three hotels and one hundred and seventy houses destroyed as a result of the bursting of a reservoir here yesterday. Hundreds of persons have been rendered homeless and destitute by the disaster.

Washington, January 18.—The following official call was issued today for the assembling of the democratic national convention at St. Louis, July 6, next:

"Washington, January 18.—The democratic national committee having met in the city of Washington on the 18th of January, 1904, has appointed Wednesday, the 6th day of July, 1904, as the time, and chosen St. Louis, Mo., as the place for holding the democratic national convention."

"Each state is entitled to representation therein equal to double the number of its senators and representatives in the congress of the United States and each territory, Alaska, Indian Territory and the District of Columbia, shall have six delegates."

"All democratic citizens of the United States who can unite with us in the effort for a pure, economical and constitutional government are cordially invited to join us in sending delegates to this convention."

"C. A. WALSH, Secretary."

Hon. James K. Jones, chairman of the democratic national committee, has announced the personnel of the committee on arrangements for the democratic national committee, and has called a meeting of that committee for February 2 next, at 10 o'clock, and at the Southern hotel, St. Louis, Mo., as follows: James K. Jones, chairman, ex-officio; William F. Stone, vice chairman, ex-officio; J. M. Guffy, Pennsylvania; D. J. Campau, Michigan; N. E. Mack, New York; J. G. Johnson, Kansas; John R. McLean, Ohio; J. M. Head, Tennessee; J. E. Osborne, Wyoming.

Exercises for Griffin.
Griffin, Ga., January 18.—(Special.)—At the Methodist church at 11 o'clock tomorrow the Daughters of the Confederacy will hold services in honor of General Robert E. Lee. At this meeting the crosses for the confederates will be given out. Joseph D. Boyd will be the master of ceremonies and Judge W. C. Beeks and Rev. T. C. Betterton will both speak on the life and character of the dead leader of the confederacy.



HON. WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

A Straightforward Position.

"Not by showing a greater desire for the spoils of office than for reform, but by turning a deaf ear to the contemptible cry of 'anything to win,' and by announcing an honest and straightforward position on every public question."

"I shall accept imperialism as an accomplished fact in order to appease those who are willing to endorse government without the consent of the governed? There can be no thought of such a surrender, for who would trust us to deal with other questions if we prove false to the fundamental principles of self-government?"

"Shall we change our position on the tariff question in order to secure the support of the trust magnates? Not for a moment can we think of it. We want the trust magnates against us, not for us."

"Shall we abandon our advocacy of bimetalism in order to conciliate those who defeated the party in other campaigns? Never. Some phase of the money question is always before congress, and no one can predict when the coinage phase of the money question will again become acute. No reform of any kind would be possible with the money changers in control of the party."

"Shall we change our position on the tariff question in order to conciliate those who are enjoying the benefits of protection? It is absurd to suggest it, for the same principle which runs through all of the abuses from which the people suffer."

CALL IS ISSUED TO DEMOCRATS

To Meet in National Conven-
tion at St. Louis.

Wednesday, the 6th Day of July, Is
the Time—The Representation
Is Announced by Chairman
James K. Jones in His
Call.

Washington, January 18.—The following official call was issued today for the assembling of the democratic national convention at St. Louis, July 6, next:

"Washington, January 18.—The democratic national committee having met in the city of Washington on the 18th of January, 1904, has appointed Wednesday, the 6th day of July, 1904, as the time, and chosen St. Louis, Mo., as the place for holding the democratic national convention."

"Each state is entitled to representation therein equal to double the number of its senators and representatives in the congress of the United States and each territory, Alaska, Indian Territory and the District of Columbia, shall have six delegates."

"All democratic citizens of the United States who can unite with us in the effort for a pure, economical and constitutional government are cordially invited to join us in sending delegates to this convention."

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CONDENSED STATEMENT OF THE Near Loan & Banking Co.

AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS JANUARY 18TH, 1904.
A Designated State Depository.

RESOURCES:	LIABILITIES:
Loans and Discounts . . . \$1,537,306.03	Capital Stock . . . \$100,000.00
Stocks, Bonds and Real Estate . . . 242,192.30	Surplus and Undivided Profits . . . 269,401.63
Furniture and Fixtures . . . 1,800.00	Bills Payable . . . 75,000.00
Cash and Due from Banks . . . 431,246.51	Deposits . . . 1,388,143.21
\$2,312,544.84	\$2,312,544.84

Referring to above statement, we respectfully solicit acceptable accounts of Banks, Merchants and Individuals.

The daily growth of our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT commends it to those who wish to save money. You can begin with one dollar.

E. H. THORNTON, President. W. F. MANRY, Cashier. H. C. CALDWELL, Asst. Cashier.

RIOT IN CHURCH; BLOOD WAS SHED

Police Called to Scene and
One Woman Cut—Five
Arrests Made.

There came near being a riot in the church of Bethlehem of Judea, on Fraser, near Clark street, last night about 10 o'clock, and but for the timely arrival of the police there is no telling what would have occurred. One negro woman was seriously stabbed by another. Five arrests were made and the whole of Bethlehem church of Judea will appear in the "recorder's" court this afternoon.

The preacher, Rev. C. Lewis, narrowly escaped being clubbed to death, and as he expressed it, he was in a "critical condition." One of the deacons brandished a heavy stick over his head, and as he expressed it, he was in a "critical condition." The preacher called out that the meeting was "adjourned."

In the meantime the police were sent for, and Call Officers Doyal and Tibbs went to the scene. They found Mattie Henderson, the janitress, with a knife wound in her face, and more than a hundred angry and excited negro men and women were gathered in front of the church.

A conference of the church had been called for the purpose of investigating charges against Deacons Tom Williams and George Carroll. The deacons objected to being tried and got up with sticks in their hands and announced that there should be no meeting.

The preacher attempted to read the charges, and the two deacons yelled out that if he didn't "let up" they would smash his head. One of them drew his club and came so close to the devoted head of the pastor that he called for time and said he believed he would declare the meeting adjourned.

Somebody yelled "lights out." Janitress Mattie Henderson, who sided with the deacons, said she would put out the lights. Pamie Stewart, who was with the preacher, declared the lights should not be put out. At this the two women began to fight, and the Stewart woman, it is said, slashed the janitress with a knife.

The officers made cases against the two deacons, the two women and Charley Sewell, who is said to have helped out the deacons.

Similar rows have been going on in the church of Bethlehem of Judea for the past 10 years. The pastor has resigned on account of it. Rev. Lewis recently came from Birmingham to take charge. He says that he is the worst set of people he ever had to contend with, and charges that the former pastor, Rev. Mills, is the cause of it. As he returned to the church he was told and have some more old-time "revivals."

**STATE COURTS
NOT IN SESSION**

Adjourned Yesterday in Re-
spect to Judge Anderson.
Holiday Today.

The state courts were all adjourned yesterday in respect to the memory of Judge James A. Anderson, whose funeral occurred during the day. The courts will observe another holiday today, this being the anniversary of the birth of General Robert E. Lee, the great confederate chieftain.

The criminal branch of the superior court will be convened tomorrow morning by Judge L. S. Roan and it is expected that a considerable number of cases will be disposed of during the remainder of the week.

The grand jury will be in session Saturday for the purpose of acting on all felony cases that have accrued to date and next week the criminal court will be in session again. Judge Roan will hold court again early in April at which time all bond cases, not tried at the present session, will be set for a hearing.

Roberts Will Probated.
The will of the late Green B. Roberts, the well known Atlanta citizen, was filed yesterday with Ordinary John R. Wilkinson and probated in common form. The estate left by Mr. Roberts is valued at \$75,000. Mrs. Nettie Roberts, wife of the deceased, was named as executrix.

Alleges Personal Injuries.
James Prince yesterday instituted suit against the Southern Railway company for \$2,000, claiming that he was injured by reason of the negligence of the company on December 24, last. He states that he was passing over the Boulevard crossing, and that he was struck by an engine of the Southern and run over and permanently injured. Attorneys Arnold & Arnold filed the suit.

Husband Asks Divorce.
Joseph Blankinship yesterday brought suit for divorce in the Fulton superior court against his wife, Ida P. Blankinship, charging that she has treated him cruelly and that she also maltreated his child.

The couple were married in July, 1900, and lived together until January, 1901, less than one year. Blankinship alleges that his wife would pay no attention to their home, but would leave and be in the company of disreputable people. Attorney W. H. Hulsey filed the suit.

\$20,000 Suit Filed.
Suit for \$20,000 damages was filed yesterday against the Southern railway company by Mary S. Riley. The suit is brought for damages caused by the death of Charles Herman Simpson, son of Mrs. Riley. Simpson was run over at the

A child could cross the continent

in a Rock Island tourist sleeper.

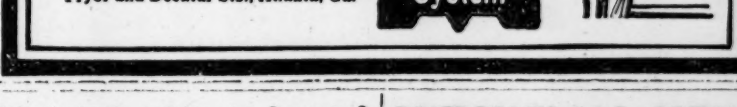
It is vestibuled and has double windows. The heating and ventilating arrangements are all that can be desired. The linen is clean, the berths are wide, and there is a porter ready to do your bidding at any hour of the day or night.

If you want to make the trip to California over a southern route, take the Rock Island's new El Paso line. If you wish to see the finest scenery on the globe, go via Colorado Springs and Salt Lake City.

The Rock Island runs tourist sleepers thro' to San Francisco and Los Angeles over both lines—daily via El Paso; three times a week via Colorado.

Full information at any railroad ticket office or by addressing

S. L. PARROTT,
District Passenger Agent,
Pryor and Deatur Sts., Atlanta, Ga.



**MITCHELL'S MEN
AT INDIANAPOLIS**

Annual Convention of United
Mine Workers of America.

Nearly a Thousand Delegates Pres-
ent—Annual Address of President
Mitchell—Secretary Treasurer
Shows Financial Condition
of Organization.

Indianapolis, Ind., January 18.—The fifteenth annual convention of the United Mine Workers of America began here today with approximately 1,000 delegates. The sessions will be held in Tomlinson hall. Brief addresses of welcome were made by Mayor John Holtzman and President Barry, of the Central Labor Union, which were responded to by President Mitchell, who then announced the committee on rules and order of business, consisting of G. W. Luckey, district No. 11; Edward Cahill, district No. 12, and Adam Resenavne, district No. 1.

Under former rules the report of the committee on credentials was next in order, and President Mitchell expected that this custom would be followed. He did not expect to deliver his annual address until tomorrow morning and work was begun on the credentials, while the committee on rules retired for consultation.

While the convention was working on the credentials this afternoon the rules committee returned shortly after 3 o'clock and announced that the reports of the officers would precede the report of the credentials committee. This was adopted after a short debate and President Mitchell delivered his annual address.

Vice President T. L. Lewis delivered his annual report. He reviewed his work of the past year, and mentioned his work in Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia, Kentucky, Alabama and Missouri. During the year sixty organizers were regularly employed in addition to the national board members, each reporting weekly.

**PRISON IS IN
SUNDRY BILL**

Attorney General Recommends Appropriation for
the Federal Prison.

The attorney general of the United States has recommended to congress that \$200,000 be appropriated to enlarge the federal penitentiary in Atlanta, to build the isolation ward and pay architects and employees.

This \$200,000 will be for the year 1904. If the appropriation is embodied in the sundry civil bill, and will admit the prosecution of the work of addition during the year. The following telegram in regard to the matter was received at The Constitution office last night:

Washington, January 18.—(Special.)—The attorney general today sent communication to congress recommending that the sundry civil bill include an appropriation of \$200,000 for the federal prison at Atlanta to continue the construction of the building and isolation wards and to pay architects and the salaries of employees.

MESSMER MADE ARCHBISHOP.
Three Appointments from Rome Are
Announced.

Washington, January 18.—The apostolic delegate today received from Rome three briefs making the following appointments: Monsignor S. G. Messmer, archbishop of Milwaukee; Right Rev. J. J. Hartley, Bishop of Columbus, Ohio; Rev. J. M. Lucey, of Little Rock, Ark., domestic prelate to his majesty.

**WEAK, DISCOURAGED MEN
Should Come To Me.**

Men whose manhood is diminishing—and there are thousands of them—owe it to themselves to take prompt steps to relieve a condition which will lead to misery and helplessness. Loss of vigor comes from many and varied causes, such as mental strain, overwork, indiscretions, etc., and the mistake is usually made of not realizing the importance of being treated properly. I want to talk with every man who has the slightest symptom of an impairment of his vitality, for the importance of this matter cannot be overestimated. At no other time of life does a man need the services of a skillful specialist. Some men are allured by tempting offers of "free samples," trial treatments, etc., which are often dangerous stimulants and are sure to injure the system. You cannot afford to experiment with your system when such important and delicate organs are involved. I give each case individual treatment, and my original perfected methods are prompt and sure in bringing back strength and vigor to men of all ages. My treatment is not a temporary stimulant, but is a positive cure and has proven successful in even the most obstinate cases. I give a legal guarantee, backed by ample financial security, to cure any case I undertake. Every man is free to call for confidential consultation, for which I make no charge. If you cannot call send for booklet, and also symptom blank, which explains fully my successful plan of home treatment.

J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D.,
33 Inman Bldg., 22 1-2 S. Broad street, Atlanta, Ga., Office hours 9:30 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sunday: 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

The Forty-five

The best overcoat receipt in five
connective states is, Muse's.

Forty-five out of fifty men are pleased at once. The other five get measured for a made to order garment—third floor.

Top Coats \$15.00 to \$27.50

Overcoats \$12.50 to \$40.00

Rain Coats \$15.00 to \$27.50

MUSE'S

**3-5-7
WHITEHALL.**

IN HONOR OF LEE MANY WILL MEET

Exercises at Capitol Today at
3 O'clock.

Names of Veterans to Receive Crosses
Will Be Announced—An Interest-
ing Programme—Banquet of
the Virginia Society
Tonight.

In honor of the birthday of General Robert E. Lee appropriate and interesting exercises will be held this afternoon in the hall of the house of representatives at the capitol, beginning promptly at 3 o'clock. These exercises will be held under the auspices of the Atlanta chapter, Daughters of the Confederacy, and the various camps of confederate veterans in the city will join with them.

The hall of the house will remain draped in mourning, as it was on the occasion of the funeral of General John B. Gordon. The chairs, too, have been left in the hall and more than 1,000 visitors can be taken care of comfortably by the veterans who will have charge of seating them.

Hon. Albert H. Cox, of Atlanta camp, No. 189, United Confederate Veterans, will preside in his usual graceful manner, and as a feature of the exercises Mrs. Robert Emory Park, of the Atlanta chapter of United Daughters of the Confederacy, will offer resolutions relating to the death of General John B. Gordon, and thus on the birthday of the confederacy's great commander the Georgia Daughters of the Confederacy will be called upon to put on record their lament for the noble Georgia who supported the great Virginian in that desperate struggle against "overwhelming numbers and resources."

The music will be under the direction of Mrs. W. S. Yeates, who is arranging a brilliant programme, sometimes stately and solemn, sometimes martial and inspiring.

Hon. James L. Mayson, city attorney, the chosen speaker of the day, whose graceful oratory charms his hearers, will round up a programme rich in interest throughout.

The Day's Programme.
The programme for this afternoon has been revised in some details, and is as follows:

Music—Orchestra.
Invocation—Rev. Dr. C. C. Jones, of St. Mark church.
Music, "Old Time Confederate"—Orchestra.
Presentation of Crosses of Honor—Miss Alice Baxter, president of Atlanta chapter.
Music, selected.
Chorus of male voices.
Resolutions of Atlanta Chapter on the Death of General Gordon—Mrs. Robert Emory Park.
Solo—Mrs. Annie Maye Dow.
"A Galaxy of Heroes"—Mr. O. P. Lovett.
Music—Orchestra.
Address—Hon. James L. Mayson.
Benediction—Chaplain T. P. Cleveland.
It has been impossible to get the crosses

of honor here in time, but the names of all the veterans entitled to them will be read out today, and the crosses will be presented at a meeting of the Daughters of the Confederacy, to be held later, of which due notice will be given.

Following are the veterans who will be given crosses:

W. L. Bohler, company I, Twelfth Georgia; George B. Shivers, company A, Twenty-first Georgia; R. O. Douglas, company I, Forty-first Georgia; M. G. Griggs, Baxter's battery, Tennessee; W. W. Gibbs, Hampton's Legion; N. Y. Gann, company I, Seventy Georgia; W. M. Harrington, Jackson's artillery; Stiles' regiment; J. C. James, company K, Forty-first Georgia; Henry M. Jackson, company D, Ninth battery, Georgia; W. L. Jones, company A, Fourth Tennessee; W. F. Jones, Nelson's Rangers, Third Georgia; T. J. Milam, company I, First Georgia cavalry; Joseph J. Maddox, company B, Thirty-eighth Georgia; Nicholas Gwory, company D, Third Georgia; J. T. Fife, company I, Forty-sixth Georgia; J. D. Rogers, company B, Thirtieth Georgia; J. N. Squires, company D, Forty-third Tennessee; Felix B. Smith, company A, Twenty-first Georgia; John White, company F, Seventeenth Georgia; N. G. Wigley, company F, Seventeenth Georgia; J. B. Wilkerson, company R, Sixth Virginia.

Virginia Society Banquet.

The annual banquet of the Virginia Society will be held in the ladies' dining room of the Capital City Club tonight. These banquets are among the most delightful given in Atlanta during the entire year, and it is always a great privilege to attend them. There will be seventy-five or more guests at the table, and President W. N. Mitchell, of the society, will preside.

While the society has been disappointed in its failure to secure the presence of the chosen orator, John Skelton Williams, the well known railroad financier of Richmond, it has arranged to have one of the most interesting evenings in its history. A rich and elegant menu will be served, and among the prominent guests will be General Thomas L. Barry, commanding the department of the Gulf; Colonel Butler S. Price, on the sixteenth infantry; Governor Joseph M. Terrell, Mayor Evan P. Howell, President R. F. Maddox, of the chamber of commerce; Judge William T. Newman, Colonel Robert J. Lowry, Bishop Kelley, of Savannah, and several others.

There will be no set speeches on this occasion. The remarks will all be impromptu, it being understood, of course, that the governor will respond to "Georgia" and the mayor to the "City of Atlanta."

GOSSIP AT THE CAPITOL

Members of the state school book commission were discussing at the capitol yesterday the attacks made upon their administration of the uniform text-book law, and it is expected that a reply to the charges that have been published will be forthcoming within the next few days.

Comptroller General Wright and one or two other members of the commission are inclined to make a pretty strong reply, but Governor Terrell seems of the opinion that no reply is necessary, the commission having made the selections to the best of its ability and secured what it considers the best and the cheapest books for Georgia's schools. Regarding the supplemental bid which is said to have been undated, it is said that all other bids for third, fourth and fifth readers except that of the American Book Company were rejected. The commission still thought the prices for these books were too high, and asked the company if it would lower them to figures which were named by the commission. The company was informed if it did not do so this bid would be rejected also and new bids for these readers would be called for. The company consented to make the reduction and was requested to put the matter in writing, which was done. The commission simply secured a lower price for the book which it desired to put into the schools. These and other facts of a similar nature will be set before the public whenever a reply is made.

To Pay Pensions.

The payment of pensions to confederate veterans will begin tomorrow and Pension Commissioner Lindsey and State Treasurer R. E. Park will be kept more than busy for the next six weeks distributing cash and checks to those who are participants in the state's bounty. Fulton county pensioners will be the first to receive their money. It will require three days to complete the payment of pensions in this county, there being a total of about 1,030 pensioners here. The indigent soldiers, about 430 in number, will be paid tomorrow, January 20. On Thursday, January 21, payments will be made to the disabled soldiers, numbering about 200. The indigent widows and old class of widows, numbering about 400, will be paid on Friday. Payments will be made in other nearby counties next week.

Commissioner Lindsey says he will be at his office at 7 o'clock tomorrow morning and the payments will be made as rapidly and with as much dispatch as is possible.

J. D. Watson Resigns.

Governor Terrell received yesterday the resignation of Hon. J. D. Watson as a member of the house of representatives from McDuffie county. Mr. Watson some days ago declared his intention of resigning and announcement of the fact was made in The Constitution. Mr. Watson resigns on account of business affairs which demand his close attention. Governor Terrell has accepted the resignation and will order an election for a new representative as soon as the date of the election is set the call will be issued by the ordinary of the county.

Secretary of State Phil Cook yesterday issued a charter to the Dexter Banking Company, of Dexter, Laurens county, with a capital stock of \$25,000.

ANNUAL BALL OF "OLD GUARD"

Famous Organization in New York Will Soon Celebrate Its Anniversary.

The annual reception and ball of the "Old Guard" of New York, which will occur at the Metropolitan opera house in New York on the night of January 28 will be of interest to the people of Atlanta on account of the friendships made several years ago when the famous and ancient organization visited this city as a guest of the Gate City Guard.

The "Old Guard" is composed of men prominent in all walks of life and its annual balls and receptions have come to be social features of importance in New York. They are attended by officials of the national government, foreign diplomats and military men. The scenes on the ball room floor, blazing with so many gorgeous uniforms, is said to beggar description.

The Atlanta visit of the "Old Guard" took place in 1880 but the people of the city still remember the pleasant friendships made at that time and feel an interest in the organization.



100,402,500

Bottles of

Budweiser

Sold in 1903

Proves that Budweiser is Crowned Supreme in Popular Approval

The largest sales of any brand of bottled beer.

Budweiser is a product of the World's Greatest Brewery

Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n

St. Louis, U. S. A.

1,410,402,500
Bottles of
Budweiser
Sold from
1875 to 1904

This exceeds the combined sales of all other bottled beers.

Total Beer sales for year of 1865
8,000 Barrels.

Total Beer Sales for 1903
1,201,762 Barrels

POTTS-THOMPSON LIQUOR CO., DISTRIBUTORS, ATLANTA, GA.



Untasted Food.

Don't turn with loathing from wholesome food! Regain a hearty, healthy appetite, regain your strength, rebuild your flesh, revitalize your nerves by taking

Dr. Greene's Nervura

the world's greatest nerve tonic and stomach regulator. Read the experi-



ence of Mr. Colin R. Dunn, 14 Minton St., Dorchester, Mass. Mr. Dunn says: "I was in very poor health and weighed but 92 pounds, and my stomach was in such poor condition that I could not enjoy my food. I secured a bottle of Dr. Greene's Nervura, and when I had taken one bottle I was able to eat a great deal better and felt a desire for food, so I continued taking it. To-day I weigh 131 pounds, and instead of going about on crutches, I can walk and enjoy myself like any other young man."

Recommended and sold by all druggists. For free medical advice write to Dr. Greene, 101 Fifth Ave., N.Y. City.

THE PASSING THROG

"You don't seem to enforce your anti-spitting ordinance here as you did when it was new," remarked a traveling man who takes in pretty much the whole country, while standing in front of the Kimball house yesterday. "I have seen men spit on the sidewalks here almost under the eyes of officers of the law, and they paid no more attention to it than if it were decidedly the popular thing to do."

"The matter is called to mind by an incident that came to my attention the other day in St. Paul, Minn., where the health officer and his men made a number of careless spitters take out their handkerchiefs and mop up the sidewalks they had befouled."

"St. Paul's health commissioner, O'Hage, I believe his name is, announced his determination of breaking up, as far as possible, the practice of spitting on sidewalks and in public places. He began with the theaters the night I was there. A dozen spitters in front of the Grand theater were forced by health officers to take out their handkerchiefs and mop up the sidewalks. More than this number escaped arrest. I was told, by obeying the orders of inspectors at the Star theater."

"The humiliation of the offenders was deep. A crowd gathered about the Metropolitan theater front, expecting to see the officers give their orders, but the news of the crusade had spread."

"There were two inspectors at the Grand entrance, two at the Star and two at the Metropolitan theater. The warning given was general and it was stated it would apply equally to street spitters."

"The law is a good one and should be enforced. Almost everybody has to spit at some time, but it requires very little energy to walk to the curbing and spit in the street. Everyone who possesses a sense of decency delights in clean sidewalks. They are an attraction in any city."

Major M. F. Walsh, adjutant general of the department of the Gulf, whose

headquarters have just been established in Atlanta, left the city yesterday for Washington, via the Southern railway. Major Walsh goes to Washington to testify before a retiring board in behalf of a young officer who was attached to his command in the Philippines. The young officer is now in the government asylum for the insane at Washington. Major Walsh's testimony will be to the effect that he was not insane at the time he served under his command in the Philippines. It is thought the insanity was due in great degree to the rigors of the tropical climate which resulted in no little insanity among the American soldiers, as will be remembered from the press reports.

J. Randolph Anderson, one of Savannah's prominent attorneys, is in the city, registered at the Piedmont. Mr. Anderson came up to attend the supreme court, and was in the Central railroad wreck just below Macon early Monday morning. The Atlanta sleeper and all the cars back of it, including the Macon and Birmingham sleepers and the private car of Superintendent Moise, left the track. It is said the accident was caused by a split rail. Fortunately no one was injured. As a result of the accident the passengers for Atlanta reached the city nearly five hours late.

An Atlanta lawyer returned yesterday from Augusta, where he was present in court a few days ago during the progress of a damage suit against a railroad company for personal injuries. During the course of the trial a negro brakeman was on the witness stand and was questioned closely by the counsel for the defense. Among other questions the negro was asked:

"Was there any sign or notice in the car about what to do in case of danger?"

"Yassir, a great big one," was the reply. "Well, what did it say?" the attorney asked.

"It say," was the prompt reply, "in case of danger avoid every precaution."

The Southern and Southwestern Rail-

way Club will meet at the Piedmont hotel on Thursday.

Hamilton McWhorter, Jr., of Lexington, Ga., is a guest at the Kimball.

J. A. Black, of Monroe, Ga., is stopping at the Kimball.

J. H. Harris, of Fitzgerald, Ga., is a guest at the Kimball.

W. B. Carswell and R. L. Whipple, of Cochran, Ga., are guests at the Kimball house.

R. D. Feagin, of Macon, Ga., is stopping at the Piedmont.

Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Hall, of Vienna, Ga., are guests at the Piedmont.

John D. Walker, of Sparta, Ga., is registered at the Piedmont.

S. P. Brown, of Albany, Ga., is at the Piedmont.

Joseph B. Pottle, of Milledgeville, and S. P. Gilbert, of Columbus, are guests at the Piedmont.

William B. Stillwell, of Savannah, is registered at the Piedmont.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury.

Mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surface. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is tenfold to the good they can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists. Price 75c per bottle. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

No Unpleasant Effects.

Such as griping, result from the use of Moxley's Lemon Elixir, the ideal laxative. Pleasant to take, pleasant in results. 50 cents a bottle at all drug stores.

FALL AND WINTER HATS

Cleaned, dyed and reshaped. Bussy, 28½ Whitehall street.

ANCIENT IDEALS FOR ROOSEVELT

He Says Republicans Must Stand for Same Ideals As in 1854.

Washington, January 18.—President Roosevelt received a delegation of about one hundred prominent men of Michigan today in the east room of the white house. They extended to him an invitation to attend the celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of the birth of the "sage" at Jackson, Mich., on the 4th of next July, and incidentally gave him an enthusiastic greeting. The personnel of the delegation included many of the most prominent republicans in Michigan, as well as some democrats. The suggestion was made that the president receive on that day the official notification of his nomination in the event of the Chicago convention's favorable action on his candidacy.

The president replied briefly, saying: "It would be impossible for me not to be deeply moved by the invitation, by the circumstances by which it is tendered, and, above all, by the cordiality and generous spirit you show in tendering it. If I shall come, I do feel very strongly that this invitation stands by itself, that any republican president would have to accept unless there was the very best reason why he could not. "I feel with all the strength there is in me that our ability to make the republican party a live power for good in the country now depends upon the way in which we stand for just the tendencies, just the fundamental principles for which these men stood in 1854. The conditions we face in 1904 are totally different from those in 1854. It remains true that we need practically the same attributes to obtain good results from these conditions. I feel that we are now carrying out policies as Americans which entitle us with clear hearts to celebrate the birth of the republican party fifty years ago. We have a right to appeal to what was done

by the great men of the past because we are treating the memory of their great deeds, not as an excuse for our failure to grapple with the emergencies of the present, but as a spur to make us grapple with them well.

"I earnestly hope that it will be in my power to accept your invitation. If I can come I certainly will."

MEETING WAS POSTPONED.

Council Adjourned Until Tomorrow Afternoon as a Mark of Respect To Judge Anderson.

Because of the death of Judge James A. Anderson, whose funeral occurred yesterday afternoon, the regular meeting of council was postponed until Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

The time for the regular session was yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock. When that hour arrived a quorum of the members of the body was in the room. The members, however, did not take their places because it was known that no business would be transacted. As soon as the meeting had been called to order Alderman Woodward moved that council adjourn until Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock as a mark of respect to Judge Anderson. His motion was adopted and the members left the hall.

EASTMAN'S FAMOUS KODAKS. Including all late improvements; also, full line films, developers, etc. Send for free catalogue. Address Eastman's Kodaks, 14 Whitehall street, on the viaduct.

CITY HALL CLOSED TODAY.

Holiday Is Ordered by Mayor Howell in Honor of the Anniversary of Lee's Birthday.

The city hall will be closed today in honor of the anniversary of the birthday of General Robert E. Lee. None of the heads of departments or their clerks will be in the building.

The order concerning the holiday was issued yesterday by Mayor Howell, and was posted in the usual place.

Central Passenger Train Wrecked.
Fennille, Ga., January 18.—The Central of Georgia train No. 8 from Atlanta was wrecked at Toombsboro last night delaying traffic several hours. Several coaches were derailed, but no one was hurt.

The Constitution.

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CONSTITUTION PUBLISHING CO.

ATLANTA, GA., January 19, 1904.

The fate of the Panama treaty is large with southern destiny.

Oh, these oppressive "corners" of the necessities of life! Who unbagg'd cabbage?

The Panama treaty can never be killed with honest votes. Will it be talked to death?

Senator Foraker never misses an opportunity to make it clear that he is the administration senator from Ohio.

The czar assures us that he "will work for peace." He will "work" peace confidence to the limit of Russian Machiavellian astuteness.

One of his admirers declares that "Senator Hanna would rather be a patriot than president." Is this meant as a reflection on President Roosevelt's patriotism?

Now we see that the school of journalism wasn't near "the limit." The university of Wisconsin is to establish a department "to equip girls for marriage."

"Fighting Bob" Evans has been specially enjoined by the navy department to preserve the utmost impartiality when he gets within galling distance of the Japs and Russians.

The Kansas legislator who accepted a \$100 bribe has lost caste among all really accomplished and successful bododiers, and the Missouri contempt for Kansas now knows no bounds.

George Fred Williams is said to be in favor of the presidential candidacy of Richard Olney. Never mind the paradox; think of the wonderful completeness of democratic harmony this year!

All the nominal "colonels" in Ohio have got it in for Governor Hiram. He selected his military staff from the officers of the national guard. They are praying he will be a candidate for reelection.

The Panama canal question, like the tariff question, is in many respects a "local issue." People whose communities are supported by the transcontinental railroads are not at heart wishing the canal godspeed.

It would appear that the American settlers in the late of Mexico are in need of American protection. The kind they are morally and legally entitled to is local self-government through American ownership of the island.

Mr. Schwab is saying hard things about the newspapers. And the newspapers said so many nice things about Mr. Schwab in the days, not so long ago, when he was giving his high moral formulas for success in life.

Some of our northern contemporaries are severely criticizing the appropriation of \$250,000 by the federal government to exterminate the boll weevil. If there is ground for such criticism, there is no excuse for the existence of the department of agriculture—absolutely none.

We will not believe that Senator Hanna is really a presidential candidate until he puts on that checked suit with the S marks all over it—Washington Post.

Once Senator Hanna becomes the presidential candidate of his party, that same old suit will be put on him by voters with long memories, and it won't look like it if it had ever been laundered, either.

Says The Birmingham News of the president: "Erratic, strenuous, egotistic, ambitious almost to a frenzy and with high, hopelessly hard-headed, Roosevelt is by no means a safe man in the white house." While this is the prevalent opinion, those entertaining it are not making the mistake of regarding the Panama canal as a distinctive Roosevelt policy. It was an orthodox democratic policy before Mr. Roosevelt was born, and there is plenty of democratic precedent for the methods employed in making possible a treaty under which the canal can be built.

The school ma'ams of Boston have been forbidden to chew gum while on duty, those of Nebraska have been put under contract not to wed during the school term, and the lady members of a fashionable choir have disrupted a church congregation because they were requested by the pastor not to eat candy during the service. Is it possible that in this age of boasted feminine independence and the equality of the sexes, the inherent, peculiar personal liberties of the fair sex are being systematically undermined?

On the Way to Ratification.

The Constitution's special Washington dispatches yesterday contained the interesting and gratifying information that it is now practically conceded that the Panama canal treaty will be ratified. It appears that the democratic senators have wisely concluded not to make the issue a caucus matter, and the indications are that perhaps as many as one-half of the democratic senators will vote in favor of the treaty, thus insuring the immediate beginning of work on the construction of the canal.

It was, of course, with regret that the same issue of The Constitution which conveyed this information from its Washington correspondent had also to carry the statement of Senator Joseph W. Bailey, of Texas, who announced his unconditional opposition to the ratification of the canal treaty, declaring that he would resign his seat in the senate before he would "dishonor his state and party" by assuming that "the people of the country desire a canal and are not particular about the methods by which they secure it," which, inferentially, he takes for granted that his vote for the canal treaty would imply.

Mr. Bailey is a strong man in the legislative councils of the national democracy. Barring Mr. Gorman, the minority leader in the senate, there is probably not a senator on the democratic side whose political initiative and statesmanlike judgment are more deferred to, at least by the great body of democratic suffragists. Mr. Bailey is a young man, but he long ago demonstrated qualities of party leadership and genuine statesmanship that marked him as no less able than brilliant. His rise has been meteoric, but his distinct gifts of speech and personality were grounded in a mentality innately large and thoroughly cultivated by study and first-hand observation. As an expounder of the constitution and an ardent advocate of constitutionalism, it is doubtful if he has his peer in congress today. Senator Bailey is more than a credit to the expansive commonwealth he represents; he is a credit to the democratic party and to American statesmanship.

So much for The Constitution's opinion of the junior Texas senator, frankly expressed. We are at once the gentlemen's friend and admirer. But, nevertheless, we not only take issue with his attitude toward the pending canal treaty, but he will pardon our expression of the belief that his expressed grounds of opposition to that measure is hyperbolic, illogically sentimental, unfounded in fact, and, as a matter of party policy, altogether indefensible. His reasons might do for a doctrinaire who would send the minds of men from cold, concrete reason to fervid, abstract idealism, but the age of the crusades is past and we of this practical age are not chasing rainbows, either in government or private business.

Not that we admit the ethical righteousness of Senator Bailey's extraordinary position. So far from it, we contend that, in so far as the law of nations and good Jeffersonian, yes, and Jeffersonian, precedent are concerned, the actions of the executive department of the government in the Panama matter were regular and, as the morality of international usage goes, moral. The conscientious but mistaken senator from Texas will never vacate his seat because of any moral dereliction in American sentiment on the Panama canal question, for none exists. The supporters of the pending treaty, who represent vastly the majority sentiment, are as consistent as Mr. Bailey in their belief that the prompt ratification of the momentous instrument is right and just. If he and they differ in their conceptions of national policy, neither should accuse the other of unworthy motives.

Speaking for its large reading constituency and the south, The Constitution reiterates its conviction that no odium of dishonor can attach to the American government or the American people through the ratification of the Panama treaty by the United States senate. It will require something behind the special message of the president to show discreditable and extra-judicial conduct on the part of the executive department toward the Panama revolution, let it have been an opera bouffe affair, if you please, and the initiative of our government in recognizing the de facto, if miniature republic, was considered regular enough to be followed by all the great nations of the earth.

The existence of the republic of Panama an acknowledged fact, its right to negotiate a canal treaty becomes self-evident. Colombia, eliminated as a factor in the negotiations by the "divine right of revolution," has only her fatuity and venality to blame for her unhappy dilemma. It is not for the United States to go behind the face of events for sentimental equities and abstract principles of morality. The canal has been thrown at our heads by the whirligig of fortuity, and the only rational question presented by the turn of events is, do we want it when we can get it on fair and favorable terms?

To this question there can be but one true American answer. We not only want it; we recognize it as a paramount necessity in working out our manifest national destiny. Here in the south we regard the question as so vital that it can almost make or unmake our material future. Discriminated against by the transcontinental railroads and circumscribed by the historical, political and social influences of our section, southerners, more than other Americans, recognize in the building of the isthmian canal a national policy of the very

first importance, and one that rises above all considerations of partisanship and quibbling technicalities as to ways and means. With the south it is a live local issue, and to the gulf states especially a canal across the isthmus means the fulfillment of their dreams of maritime and commercial supremacy.

Texas would benefit as largely, if not more largely, than any other gulf state from the great engineering consummation, becoming a veritable empire in her internal development as well as area. Probably one of the most populous cities of the union would be built at Galveston, or elsewhere on her magnificent coastline. But it is idle to talk of the certain benefits. Mr. Bailey understands them full well as applying to Texas.

Senator Bailey is an accomplished student of history. He knows how the executive department of the government, in the Jefferson administration, was a bit forehanded in the diplomatic methods employed by our representatives in Paris when the Louisiana purchase was thrown at our heads by Napoleon; he knows how General Jackson assumed a rather extraordinary individual initiative when we acquired Florida; he knows, in the case of his own state of Texas, how the Utiandlers under Houston trekked into that promising Transvaal of the latter thirties and, in due course of time, saw no other way to the exercise of their heaven-born rights than through revolt against Mexican authority, which revolution was aided and abetted by the democratic administration at Washington and stood sponsor for by no less a southern statesman than John C. Calhoun; he also knows that we made our western and southwestern boundaries symmetrical by some goodly landed acquisitions as the result of the war waged upon Mexico in support of Texas independence.

Measuring it by all accepted standards of national morality, will the senator from Texas say that the treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo was more honorable to the United States than is the pending treaty with Panama? And that treaty, as he is well aware, was the inevitable sequel of American intervention in behalf of the Texas revolutionists, who, in the eyes of the Mexicans, were rank Utiandlers and filibusters.

Any history of the United States will substantiate these historical facts, but let us quote briefly from the recent work of William A. Mowry on "The Territorial Growth of the United States." This author says:

There is little doubt that this revolution was encouraged, if not aided, by the statesmen of the southern states of our union. Calhoun said, "There were powerful reasons why Texas should be a part of this union. The southern states, owing a large slave population, were deeply interested in preventing that country from having power to annoy them." One of the last acts of President Jackson was to acknowledge the independence of Texas. The annexation of Texas brought on a war with Mexico. That country had never acknowledged the independence of Texas, and the boundaries between the two were in dispute.

One does not have to read between the lines of American history to see that our diplomacy has ever been quick to recognize and take advantage of the main chance in the acquisition of territory and the accomplishment of an advantageous foreign policy. Hairs cannot be split over methods if a nation is to achieve its greatest growth and influence among the powers of the world. Senator Bailey well knows this, and he knows that those methods have not been peculiar to one party or one section. The democratic party and the south must accept their full share of the historical responsibility—indeed, through the democratic party nearly all of our additional territory has been acquired.

As The Constitution has heretofore pointed out, such intervention as was employed by our government in the Panama incident was less aggravated and infinitely more justifiable than the intervention in behalf of Cuban independence, and no party lines or hypocritical moral plaints were drawn or directed against that splendid departure in behalf of human liberty and Monrovia expediency.

Texas is against her junior senator's point of view in the premises. Texas wants the Panama canal under this treaty and is exerting persuasive pressure upon her senators to influence their votes for the treaty.

The Constitution and the people of the south will not hesitate to accord Senator Bailey due admiration for his independence of character and fidelity to principle as has been given his conscience to see the right, but at the same time they will most emphatically deprecate and distrust his good judgment and political enlightenment in this instance.

Weyler's Scheme.

General Weyler, whose career in Cuba, at the head of the Spanish forces, has won him an unenviable notoriety, is about to publish a volume dealing with his military and political campaigns in that island.

A Madrid newspaper is of the opinion that the most interesting part of General Weyler's book is the two supplementary letters which it contains. In one he describes his project for landing on United States territory, and in the other he explains why he was obliged to abandon the project.

His scheme was to seize every available vessel in Havana harbor and before the appearance of the United States squadron off the coast to land 25,000 men in Louisiana, where, according to his view, "the malcontents of the United States government, still smarting under their defeat in the

civil war, would rise en masse and make common cause with Spain." It is almost inconceivable that such a scheme as this should have presented itself seriously to the doughty Spaniard—and yet Weyler was no joker, or if he was, his humor took as grim a shape as that of Nero. He had no doubt been a reader of the republican organs of the north, and had somehow got it into his head that they were in the habit of correctly representing the feelings of the people of the south. If he kept a scrapbook containing the various editorial charges against the people who were opposed to the north during the civil war, he could easily prove to his countrymen that his scheme was perfectly feasible.

General Weyler has not been the first, by a considerable number, to place too much confidence in the statements, charges and declarations that are based on the exigencies of partisan politics. He, in common with a good many other people, has made the mistake of taking too seriously the shrill cries of the extreme partisans, and if he had entered on his expedition a sad surprise would have been his, for it would have come to a sudden and an untimely end from his point of view.

All that was needed to close up the chinks and crevices of good feeling was the war, which Weyler did more to promote by his heartless administration of affairs in Cuba than all other causes combined.

Justice Harlan's Lecture.

Justice Harlan is a republican, and was appointed to the supreme bench by the late Mr. Hayes, but he recently delivered a lecture before a law class, in the course of which he employed language of a kind sometimes attributed to the hard-headed democrats of the country. Indeed, a portion of his remarks was so much like the utterances of case-hardened democrats, who will make no compromise with anything or anybody, that it is very likely the amiable justice will be brought to task, as the saying is, for making an attack on the administration.

And we all know how tender and sensitive a party is about its administration during the year set apart for a presidential election. During any other year an administration is regarded as invulnerable, and an attack on it, no matter how direct it is, is not from what quarter it may come, is laughed at as heartily as one of the stale and standing jokes we see in the variegated comic papers.

But for twelve months or more previous to a presidential election laughter ceases to be good party-form. The administration that expects to succeed itself begins to hunt for sore places on its corporosity, and usually succeeds in finding more than it can conveniently take care of. It sheds its shell and easily becomes the wailing victim, even of the paragraphs. Attacks from the opposition are to be expected, though they hurt considerably; whereas an attack from a source supposed to be friendly is enough to put a fairly healthy administration to bed.

Justice Harlan, it seems, was speaking of a good word for the organic law of the land—the constitution which first and last has caused the republican party so much trouble, even with its war amendments, and he expressed a fear that it may somehow be sacrificed to the ambition of the republican party to make the United States a world power.

Naturally, coming from a republican justice of the supreme court, this has attracted the attention of those who feel that the administration has been wounded in one of the sorest of its sore spots, and, quite as naturally, those who are responsible for the administration are beginning to protest because the democrats are doing their utmost to make capital out of the remarks.

As for Justice Harlan, he has crawled into his hole and refuses to come forth at the bidding of the newspaper reporter. This has emboldened some of the republican leaders in congress to say that the justice was merely considering a possibility, and not referring to existing conditions.

This no doubt is a fairly good way to feel about it, but a better way—for it is a way in which the whole country can join—is to believe that the constitution is so firmly established in the political habits and beliefs of the people that it cannot be safely tampered with in a time of peace and prosperity. It is a written instrument, of course, and cannot be expected to take care of itself, as the republican party demonstrated directly after the war; but there will always be those who are eager to defend it, and they will always be found in the democratic party, or in a party professing democratic principles. Consequently, the remarks of Justice Harlan are interesting only so far as they show that thoughtful republicans are not willing to trust their party when it comes to preserving intact the organic law of the land.

There are a great many other people who will sympathize with the hopes of the justice, and, should the occasion arise, they will be found numerous enough to prevent the mutilation of the constitution.

It will be interesting to see the republicans manufacture anti-trust thunder out of their congressional anti-trust record of the past four years.

"JUST FROM GEORGIA."

In the Happy Banks.

I.
Can't be always roamin' in the valleys o' the May—
Any sort o' weather, so we're happy on the way!
Same sky bends above us—or whether blue or gray—
Night is always driftin' to the mornin'!

II.
Can't be always rollin' in the wealth that will not stay—
Poverty—what is it, if we're happy on the way?
Sweetest songs for singin'—sweetest words to say—
Night is always driftin' to the mornin'!

III.
For all our little blessins, a heart that thrills with thanks—
We're crossin' o'er the country in the halcyon ranks.
An' singin' songs of happiness on Jordan's stormy banks—
Night is always driftin' to the mornin'!

Genius and the Steam Heater.
"I rented this room 'way up here in the garret," said the Unknown Genius, "because it had a wide fireplace where I can burn wood. You see, I've been living in a house with a steam heater." "Yes; didn't you enjoy it?" "Not at all! No inspiration in it. I stared that heater out of all countenance night after night, but couldn't get a poem thought out of it! And if a poem happened to ask for utterance the heater'd just immediately with its eternal thump! thump! thump! You see, you can look into a wood fire and get something out of it; but the steam heater is strictly business, and if it knows anything at all it keeps it to itself. It's the most unobtrusive, uninspiring invention of this horribly practical age. I've cut its acquaintance forever!"

A Song in Fair Weather.

I.
Love hath been wounded
With words that were words:
But the world's in the springtime,
And here are the birds!
And fronting the gloom
Is a lily in bloom,
And sorrow is only
A name on a tomb.

II.
Love hath been wounded
But now, well—a day!
The world's in the springtime!
The red lips of May
Are lifted to greet him:
The red roses meet him
And the winds all their litanies
Lowly repeat him!

III.
Love hath been wounded:
But sorrow now seems
A phantom of visions—
An echo of dreams.
There is life—there is light:
For a rainbow bends bright:
Goodnight to the dreams, Love—
Goodnight, and goodnight!

Brother Dickey's Sayings.

Nobody is took ter heaven in a chariot er fire now, but de fire is waitin' fer lots er us des de same.
De sayin' is des-ich man got to sell out ter git ter heaven; but he moe' ingrin'ly on de spot fer bid hisse' in ag'in.
Some er us will be so tired hereafter dat w'en dey want us to jine de heavenly band, we'll tell 'em we dunno how ter beat de bass drum.

One thing about Satan is—he goes ter church as reglar as meetin' day come, on dey never ter wake him up w'en de preacher gits ter de benediction.
We're de literary sinners.
An' we're waitin' for the race;
A sonnet for our dinners—
Let us
All
Say
Grace!

II.
We have not a lock to spare now,
And our laurel wreath is in place;
Make enough to cut our hair now—
Let us
All
Say
Grace!

III.
The world looks on with laughter,
But we wear a smilin' face;
It'll drink to us hereafter—
Let us
All
Say
Grace!

IV.
The world looks on with laughter,
But we wear a smilin' face;
It'll drink to us hereafter—
Let us
All
Say
Grace!

V.
The world looks on with laughter,
But we wear a smilin' face;
It'll drink to us hereafter—
Let us
All
Say
Grace!

VI.
The world looks on with laughter,
But we wear a smilin' face;
It'll drink to us hereafter—
Let us
All
Say
Grace!

VII.
The world looks on with laughter,
But we wear a smilin' face;
It'll drink to us hereafter—
Let us
All
Say
Grace!

VIII.
The world looks on with laughter,
But we wear a smilin' face;
It'll drink to us hereafter—
Let us
All
Say
Grace!

GEORGIA INDUSTRIAL COLLEGE CONFERENCE

College, Ga., January 18.—(Special.)—The next annual farmers' conference of the Georgia State Industrial College will be held from February 25 to 29.

Last year the "Winning Cases Conference" was adopted by the delegates, and the scope of the conference was enlarged to take in laborers and mechanics, as well as farmers. More than 2,000 people attended the various sessions of the last gathering, and this year the attendance will be even larger. Last year, 1,000 packages of seeds were given away. This year 1,500 packages have been promised by the department of agriculture, together with several hundred papers on valuable agricultural topics. The papers on hog-raising, care of chickens, cows, etc., are very practical and valuable.

Hon. R. E. Lester and Senator Bacon and Senator Clay have interested themselves in the conferences both at present and in the past, and their efforts have greatly aided to make the conference a success.

As an idea of how this work has grown and how it is held in the esteem of sister schools in the state, all the colleges and secondary schools are fully represented, either by the residents or by accredited delegates. Last year the president of the state school of Kentucky was present during the entire session and this year there will be representatives from other states.

The practical nature of the conference appeals strongly to all really interested in the development of the race. The college is located in close touch with an industry which has never been fully appreciated by the rest of the state, that is the picking and marketing of oysters. This year it is planned to take a very careful survey of this branch of the state's resources and to publish an available statistics and information concerning it. Many hundred people make their living by the culture of oysters and thousands enjoy this delicious food, but know little or nothing of the hardships and even danger of those whose efforts furnish it to the market. The people who are engaged in this work are locally known as "oystermen" or "oyster farmers." The cultivation of oysters will be given special attention by the conference, and it is hoped that more rice cultivation will grow out of this special effort.

A very appreciable improvement in the character of the delegates attending these conferences, and it is the general opinion of those who have watched the effect of the conference that the colored farmers of this section have been induced very greatly by these conferences. In fact, the conference is now regarded as a permanent feature and of too much value to be discarded. South Carolina farmers and a few from Florida are now present at each session.

School Is Expanding.
The school is prosperous but needs more money for enlargement and natural progress. At present nearly 400 students are on the roll, and eight states are represented among its students, and of the counties in Georgia, sixty-one.

Private Jimmy, of the Sixteenth United States Infantry, now stationed at Fort McPherson, stood outside the white fence that surrounds the military reservation deeply engrossed in the last issue of The Army and Navy Journal. As The Constitution was correspondent of peace swung off an East Point-bound car, the big soldier looked up from his reading.

"Hello, you word-spillin' son of a citizen, I reckon you'll be gettin' court-martialed for tryin' to be funny an' it's the most serious offense in the army. It's plumb grave, that's what it is an' the gruesome kind you've been dealin' out in my name is sure serious. Have you seen the last Army an' Navy Journal? They've got some of that last story about the pleasures of livin' in Panama an' they call your humor gruesome. What's more, they are takin' it serious an' they give us some added comfort about loaded mosquitoes. They even compare the isthmus to New Jersey an' if there's any comfort in that it's only for them who never campaigned up an' down the treacherous an' hard-marched planks of the boardwalk at Atlantic City.

"What the hell's a 'loaded mosquito'?" The plumb sober set is enough to make a man hate himself for livin', but the loaded kind, they sure cause dire emotions to upheave in my tender, gentle breast, as the poet says. When the Women's Christian Temperance Union do they mean to discriminate against the poor an' 'thirsty soldier in favor of them screamin', winged reptiles with the poison of a rattler reduced to lowest terms, them whiskey-marchin' an' Jersey seashore desert, them three-aylbed destroyers of peace an' happiness? They've taken our canteen away, had luck to 'em, for the rotten whiskey we're buyin' that would eat the head out of a wooden Indian an' they lettin' the mosquitoes of their unhealthy parts run things to suit themselves.

"I never saw a drunken mosquito. Oh, they must be a terrible thing to see. It's bad enough when you see a human being pervertin' his sense of decency. But a mosquito—as the tract says—I have no words with which to express myself upon these outraged rights."

"What I was thinkin' of was if one of these pestiferous birds of prey, like a buzzard, as much meanness with whiskey as a man does, the terrors of Chagres fever ain't nothin'. I hate to think of a mosquito drinkin' to excess, gettin' real carousin' an' disorderly an' then comin' my plumb loaded. Oh, they drink an awful thing. The takin' away of our canteen has only made me thirstier, but with my first sight of a loaded mosquito, it's me for the planks. Just listen to the comfortin' comment they add to that story of mine."

And Private Jimmy read the following to Panama: "For the comfort of the troops going to Panama we would call their attention to a report by Major Edie, J. A. T. United States army, a synopsis of which appears in The New York Evening Post. In this report, addressed to a private concern, Dr. Edie says that sanitary conditions on the isthmus are not so bad as they have been reported. His advice is 'keep to your ordinary habits.' If you drink claret with dinner, or whiskey between meals, and take a tub each morning, do the same here. Major Edie has been with American troops in Cuba, in the Philippines and in China, and knows the tropics. Claret is all right. If it can be had, but we have our doubts about the whiskey between meals."

"Among the foreigners near Panama," says a native physician, "the inhalation of the heavy vapors of Panama and Colon is extremely depressing, and it induces the habit of drinking liquor as

have one or more representatives here. Applications have been received from South Africa and one also from Cuba. If means were forthcoming the scope of the work which is distinctly mechanical and agricultural could be enlarged to a great degree."

Recently the general committee of the state legislature visited the colored college at Savannah. The committee is composed of Hon. Joseph H. Hall, of Bibb, chairman; Senators J. T. Dunham, R. H. Conley, S. R. Christie and Representatives J. E. Hayes and P. M. Mulhern. The committee arrived early in the forenoon and remained on the grounds until the afternoon, during which time they thoroughly examined all the departments of the school. On their arrival they were greeted by the music of the college band, which was drawn up in front of the boys' dormitory.

They were first conducted through the trade departments, where they observed students working at twelve useful trades. Thence they passed over to the well-kept farm and dairy. Everywhere everything was as neat as could be, and the committee was well pleased with what they saw. In the meantime the students had been gathered in the chapel, and here the committee, under the escort of Major J. F. Stokes, secretary of the board of trustees, and the negro college, came. Each member addressed words of wisdom to the assembled students, who were greatly encouraged by the remarks of the gentlemen of the committee.

Chairman Hall said that he was very greatly surprised at the progress of the work. He had no idea that the school was doing such an important and valuable work for the state. He was being delighted with all he had seen of the school; that the work was a marvel to him. He thought Professor Wright to be the right man in the right place. It was a source of wonder to him how the school could do so much with such a little money.

TALKS ABOUT ATLANTA.

Milledgeville News: There are 805 young men in the Georgia Tech. military school in Atlanta. These young men will soon mean much to the state, and will prove the greatest aid in developing the resources of Greater Georgia. We are proud of them, Tech and consider it the best school in the south.

Brunswick Journal: Scarcely anyone will deny Atlanta's claim for the location in that city of the Gordon monument. It is our state capital, and as such should be the place where the people of the commonwealth should honor their illustrious dead by outward symbols.

Tampa Tribune: Atlanta does all things well. The manner in which the funeral of John B. Gordon was conducted was a credit to the most enterprising city in the south.

Derion Gazette: Several former Atlanta men are holding down good jobs under the new Tammany administration in New York. The Atlanta man is needed everywhere.

Montgomery Journal: Atlanta's proposed new depot is to cost a million and a half dollars. Just how much Mobile's new depot is to cost has not yet been announced.

By Alan Rogers.

PANAMA'S "LOADED MOSQUITO" NEW ONE ON PRIVATE JIMMY

Private Jimmy, of the Sixteenth United States Infantry, now stationed at Fort McPherson, stood outside the white fence that surrounds the military reservation deeply engrossed in the last issue of The Army and Navy Journal. As The Constitution was correspondent of peace swung off an East Point-bound car, the big soldier looked up from his reading.

"Hello, you word-spillin' son of a citizen, I reckon you'll be gettin' court-martialed for tryin' to be funny an' it's the most serious offense in the army. It's plumb grave, that's what it is an' the gruesome kind you've been dealin' out in my name is sure serious. Have you seen the last Army an' Navy Journal? They've got some of that last story about the pleasures of livin' in Panama an' they call your humor gruesome. What's more, they are takin' it serious an' they give us some added comfort about loaded mosquitoes. They even compare the isthmus to New Jersey an' if there's any comfort in that it's only for them who never campaigned up an' down the treacherous an' hard-marched planks of the boardwalk at Atlantic City.

"What the hell's a 'loaded mosquito'?" The plumb sober set is enough to make a man hate himself for livin', but the loaded kind, they sure cause dire emotions to upheave in my tender, gentle breast, as the poet says. When the Women's Christian Temperance Union do they mean to discriminate against the poor an' 'thirsty soldier in favor of them screamin', winged reptiles with the poison of a rattler reduced to lowest terms, them whiskey-marchin' an' Jersey seashore desert, them three-aylbed destroyers of peace an' happiness? They've taken our canteen away, had luck to 'em, for the rotten whiskey we're buyin' that would eat the head out of a wooden Indian an' they lettin' the mosquitoes of their unhealthy parts run things to suit themselves.

"I never saw a drunken mosquito. Oh, they must be a terrible thing to see. It's bad enough when you see a human being pervertin' his sense of decency. But a mosquito—as the tract says—I have no words with which to express myself upon these outraged rights."

WORLD WILL NEED 12,000,000 BALES

Daniel J. Sully Indorses Constitution's Editorial.

Millionaire Cotton Operator Passed Through Atlanta Yesterday—Demand Holds Up Price, He Says. Sully Will Go Into the Stock Market.

Daniel J. Sully, the millionaire cotton operator of New York and New Orleans, expects to go into the stock market shortly and will acquire a seat on the stock exchange.

Mr. Sully himself gave this information to a representative of The Constitution yesterday morning as he was passing through Atlanta on his way from New Orleans to New York.

Mr. Sully reiterated the statement made in his recent address in New Orleans regarding the future of the cotton crop.

"The world needs now and can use quickly and with dispatch a crop of 12,000,000 bales," Mr. Sully said, "and within three or four years more it will require a 12,000,000 bale crop to satisfy the demands."

"No, the advance in cotton has not been due in any wise, in my opinion, to the speculative feature. The law of supply and demand is inexorable. The world needs the cotton and cannot get it, consequently the price has advanced."

"Not more than two years ago, you will remember, the consumers were fighting against 9 cent cotton, just as they are fighting now against 14 cent cotton. And in spite of the fight against it, it is bound to come. With the present conditions before us there is, in my opinion, no avoiding it: 14 cent cotton is bound to come."

"The world can get the cotton it needs nowhere except from the south, and the south should raise it. The farmers of the south may plant cotton now without any fear of being able to market it at a good paying price."

Mr. Sully was asked if he had interested himself in the stock market. "I have not done so up to the present time," he said, "but my friends have been urging me to do so, and I shall make arrangements to do so and upon my return to New York. I shall acquire a seat upon the stock exchange and interest myself in the situation in a quiet way."

Constitution on Right Line.

"By the way," Mr. Sully continued, going back to cotton, "I read that editorial in The Constitution this morning with a great deal of interest. There is no doubt about the fact that there is a coming demand for a 12,000,000 bale crop, and the farmers of the south should accept The Constitution's advice. There are many more uses for cotton now than ever before, and new uses are constantly being discovered, so that it is safe to say the demand will be fully equal to, if not greater, than such a crop can supply."

Mr. Sully alighted from the West Point train as it came into the city. He is not known here, however, and on that account attracted little attention. He took a little walk around the depot before the train started for New York. "I see you are going to have a new depot here," he remarked. His hearers assented that Atlanta had hopes of such good fortune.

Mr. Sully is a man of uncertain age, but whom many would take for about 50 years old. His hair is gray as is his moustache, which is his only facial adornment. But his color is that of a man much younger. He has a keen eye and a calm collected demeanor. He is about 5 feet 9 inches in height, and while not of commanding presence, he is one who would attract the attention of the careful observer of humanity in a crowd of hundreds.

Further Proofs of Supremacy.

Competition seems no barrier to BUDWEISER. Its march goes on by leaps and bounds. The past year has seen an increase of more than 20 per cent over the preceding year, bringing the total sales of Budweiser (in bottles) to 100,402,500 bottles, and the total sales for the past 29 years, 1875 to 1903 inclusive, to 1,410,402,500 bottles.

BUDWEISER is the household beverage of the American home, and its claim to the title, "King of Bottle Beers," is established by the fact that, although commanding the highest price, its sales exceed those of other bottle beers combined. Anheuser-Busch's other brands of beer are close seconds to Budweiser.

Their total output in bulk for the past year was 1,201,762 barrels. Another evidence of the supremacy of Budweiser was given in the instance of two of the finest and best appointed cafes recently established, the Stewart Cafe in Philadelphia, and the Tait Cafe, in San Francisco, where the most popular beers of America entered into competition, and the award went to Budweiser.

THE SEVEN BEST GAMES

Are all played with one pack of "Trail" cards. Trail is most popular of all card games. Gilt edge, 75c; plain, 50c. The Columbian Book Co., 81 Whitehall street.

STANDARD DIARIES.

For 1904 at Jno. M. Miller Co.'s, 39 Marietta st.

Made of Lemons. Mosley's Lemon Elixir is the most pleasant laxative as well as the most effective. Sold by all druggists.

B R O O C H E S
Diamond-paved Hearts,
Diamond Crescents,
Diamond Sunbursts,
Diamond Scrolls,
Diamond Crowns,
Diamond Stars.

In this, the largest precious-stone collection in the South, are shown diamonds of quality.

Maier & Berkele.

STATE TREASURY CARRIED GOOD BALANCE FROM 1903

Figures Just Completed by Assistant Treasurer Furlow Show Receipts and Disbursements During the Past Year.

The state treasury statement for the year 1903 was completed yesterday by Assistant Treasurer C. T. Furlow. The figures show that the balance in the treasury on December 31, 1903, of more than a million dollars, was about \$8,000 less than the balance of December 31, 1902. This balance will be considerably reduced this month by payment of the school teachers of the state of nearly \$800,000 for which checks will be sent out this week.

The statement showing the receipts and disbursements is as follows:

Disbursements.	
By Academy for Blind	18,000.00
By binding Journals	1,100.00
By civil establishment	123,982.49
By College for Colored	8,000.00
By compiler of records	2,568.78
By contingent fund	7,704.08
By contingent fund supreme court	800.00
By copying records	193.11
By department of agriculture	10,000.00
By disabled soldiers' pensions	181,635.00
By fees of arbitrators	2,500.00
By fertilizers fund	9,999.92
By Georgia sanitarium	325,000.00
By Georgia state sanitarium trustee	393.94
By geological fund	8,517.85
By Georgia Normal and Industrial college	22,900.00
By incidental expenses general assembly	5,068.50
By indexing house and senate journals	300.00
By indigent soldiers' pensions	394,140.00
By inspection of oils	1,395.20
By insurance public buildings, etc.	3,315.00
By land script fund interest	6,314.14
By legislative pay roll 1902	67,461.73
By legislative pay roll 1903	67,028.57
By library fund	3,108.45
By military fund	24,000.00
By North Georgia College (Dahlgren)	10,000.00
By overpayment taxes refunded	5,406.70
By prison fund	117,811.35
By printing fund	19,850.52
By printing fund geological department	1,633.94
By printing fund railroad commission	584.04
By public buildings and grounds	18,900.00
By publishing Georgia reports	4,861.28
By public debt	422,977.50
By reprinting Georgia reports, old	5,467.50
By School for the Deaf, special	27,500.00
By School for the Deaf, special	3,000.00
By school warrants	1,569,695.61
By School of Technology	45,000.00
By Soldiers' home	15,000.00
By solicitors General's fees	4,530.00
By special appropriations, miscellaneous	8,609.84
By state museum	5,250.00
By State Normal school (Athens)	22,500.00
By state board of health	399.19
By State university	24,875.00
By stationery general assembly	694.75
By repairing capitol	14,994.98
By trustees State university	813.70
By Western and Atlantic railroad change bills	2.35
By widows' pensions	182,400.00
By widows' pensions, indigent	99,240.00
By buildings and heating sanitarium	27,114.34
By temporary loan	65,552.50

Total disbursements for 1903 \$4,021,324.80
To balance in the treasury December 31, 1903, 1,041,449.43

Grand total \$5,062,774.23

Receipts.

To balance in the treasury January 1, 1903	\$1,149,187.51
To artists' tax	1,413.09
To automobile tax	585.00
To ball and bicycle parks	181.35
To bicycle companies	271.58
To bicycle companies	639.58
To billiard tax	8,524.93
To building and loan associations	40.00
To cigarette tax	7,609.73
To insurance fund	220.00
To dividends from stocks	2,596.00
To express companies' tax	9,568.53
To fees from inspection of fertilizers	41,000.00
To franchise tax	1,921.85
To general tax	2,122,241.85
To geological laboratory	42.50
To gypsy tax	292.50
To hire of convicts	218,345.64
To insolvent general tax	6,449.68
To insolvent poll tax	955.73
To insurance fees	14,628.80
To insurance agents	11,080.00
To insurance tax	93,350.32
To interest from depositors	7,008.50
To liquor tax	169,959.57
To money refunded	4,036.60
To Northeastern railroad	3,795.00
To office fees	5,215.00
To oil fees	11,112.82
To pawn brokers' tax	3,555.45
To peddlers' tax	2,175.22
To pensions refunded	416.67
To pistol tax	7,067.95
To poll tax	273,876.73
To real estate agents	333,827.29
To rental Western and Atlantic railroad	1,224.09
To sale of acts	420,012.00
To sale of codes	890.10
To sale of form books	676.00
To sale of reports	7.50
To sale of school lands	8,245.25
To sale of school lands	2,156.43
To sewing machine companies	2,000.00
To sewing machine agents	2,080.00
To show tax	5,570.00
To tax on land agents	12.54
To supreme court costs	1,873.75
To tax on agencies	495.00
To tax on abstract companies	99.00
To tax on brewing companies	1,980.00
To tax on cash registers	9.00
To tax on Coca Cola Company	1,094.72
To tax on cold storage	3,975.93
To tax on futures	15,300.00
To tax on games	1,237.50
To tax on loan agents	468.00
To tax on sleeping car companies	1,628.01
To tax on slot machines	778.60
To tax on specialists	108.50
To tax on typewriter agents or dealers	162.00
To tax on telegraph companies	5,026.06
To tax on telephone companies	5,609.62
To tax on ticket brokers	180.00
To tax on veterinary surgeons	9.00
To wild land tax	284.29
To white hops	544.00
To temporary loan	65,000.00

Total receipts \$3,913,586.72
Grand total \$5,062,774.23

HALE HELD FOR FORGERY.

Young man from Greensboro Charged with Forgery Order on Firm in Augusta.

On a warrant in Augusta charging him with forgery, Gordon R. Hale, a young man of Greensboro, this state, was arrested last evening by Patrolman Hood and locked up at police barracks.

Hale admits he forged an order for a suit of clothes about a year ago when he was railroad telegraph operator at Social Circle. He says he forged the name

of a fellow-workman and the order was on a firm in Augusta.

"I thought I would be able to make the matter all right," states the prisoner, "as the amount involved was only \$18, but I was discharged and being without money had to return to my home."

Hale has been in Atlanta for about three weeks, he states, collecting for the A. C. A. collecting agency. He will probably be taken to Augusta this morning. His arrest was made on a letter from the chief of police in Augusta.

WILL ORGANIZE FOR GORDON FUND

Committee Will Be Named at Meeting This Afternoon.

Matter Will Be Taken Up at Conclusion of Exercises in Honor of General Lee—Colonel W. L. Calhoun Will Be Made Chairman.

At the conclusion of the exercises to be held in the hall of the house of representatives this afternoon in honor of General Robert E. Lee, the audience will be asked to remain for a few minutes while preliminary steps are taken for organization of a committee to raise a fund for a fitting memorial to General Lee.

General Clement A. Evans, commander of the Georgia division, United Confederate Veterans, decided upon this plan after consulting with a number of prominent veterans. His idea is to appoint a general committee at the meeting this afternoon and have that committee meet tomorrow at an early date for the purpose of naming a central committee and making all preliminary arrangements for starting the movement in behalf of the fund.

It is generally agreed that Judge W. L. Calhoun, one of the best known veterans in Georgia, and one who has taken a most prominent part in the affairs of the veterans, will be made permanent chairman, both of the general committee and of the central committee, which will be named later. Colonel Calhoun may be so elected at the meeting this afternoon, or the election may be deferred until the general committee is organized. Captain "Tip" Harrison has been prominently spoken of for the position of secretary as has also Captain Charles S. Arnall. Captain Harrison says he has so many secretaries now that it will be impossible for him to serve.

There will be no discussion at the meeting this afternoon, practically the only steps being action upon a motion to appoint such a committee, the appointment of the committee, and probably the election of a chairman. The rest of the preliminary work will be done by the general committee at a meeting the date of which will probably be fixed at once.

Vets Too Poor For Lee.

Columbus, Miss., January 18.—In an interview with General Stephen D. Lee, the new commander in chief of the United Confederate Veterans, he denies the authenticity of an interview recently sent out from Jackson, Miss., saying he would establish headquarters at Columbus, Miss. He says that the rules specify that New Orleans shall be the permanent headquarters, and he has no authority to change them.

Regarding the proposed monument to General Gordon, General Lee thinks it would not be wise now to call on the veterans at large to raise a fund for that purpose. He says that when a fund was started for a monument to General Lee only a third of the required amount was raised and the ladies of the south had to take the matter in hand and raise the balance.

He adds that the veterans are in no position to meet this expense at this time.

MANY PENSIONS WILL BE PAID

Fulton County Pensioners Draw Money This Week. About 1,100 on List.

Fulton county pensioners will be paid this week and it is stated that the total number of people in this county to receive money from the state is about 1,100.

Ordinary John R. Wilkinson states that all of the pension papers are ready for the signature of pensioners and announced that the papers would be signed and pensions paid on the following dates: Indigent men on Wednesday, disabled men on Thursday and all widows on Friday. The money is paid at the capitol by State Pension Commissioner Lindsay on the same day the pension papers are signed at the office of the ordinary.

The indigent men are \$60 disabled men from \$5 to \$150, and widows \$60. It is stated that Pension Clerk Dillingham, of the ordinary's office, has recorded more than forty transfers during the past three weeks—pensioners who have moved from other counties to Fulton county.

Last of Maximilian's Cabinet.

Mexico City, January 18.—Jose Esteve, of Jalapa, in the state of Vera Cruz, the last surviving member of Emperor Maximilian's cabinet, is dead. He was over eighty years of age and enjoyed excellent health up to within a few days of his death.

CASCADE

PURE WHISKY

Fine Old Goods

MILD MELLOW

GEO. A. DICKEL & CO. Distillers

NASHVILLE, TENN.

THREE GHOULS UNDER ARREST

Men Charged With Robbing the Dying at Iroquois Theater Fire.

Chicago, January 18.—Charged with robbing the dead and dying at the Iroquois theater fire, three men have been placed under arrest by the Chicago police. The first of the alleged ghouls to be captured was Louis Witz, keeper of the Illinois saloon, located at Dearborn and Randolph streets, a few doors from the main entrance of the theater. It is charged that Witz robbed the body of a dying woman, Mrs. E. J. Trask, the afternoon of the fire, securing \$100, which, it is alleged, was divided among three men, two of whom were arrested after Witz. The police claim to have received confessions from all three men.

The other two arrested are Charles Conway, said to have received \$20, and Thomas McCarthy, alleged to have been given \$27.50. The third man still at large is a stranger, who was given \$12. He is said to be a traveling man from St. Louis. It is said that Witz confessed that \$250 was taken from the body of Mrs. Trask when she was carried dying into the saloon. The money was handed to Witz by a physician attending the woman. Witz reported to have given \$10 to the police and told them it was all she had.

The first testimony showing neglect on the part of the men in charge of the Iroquois stage curtains developed today. John Daugherty, a bridge construction iron worker, who stated he was employed at the Iroquois theater as an extra hand to assist on the fly floor of the theater, was the witness.

"Did you try to lower the asbestos curtain on the day of the fire?" he was asked.

"Yes. A man came running over to me from the south side of the stage—I was working in the flies—and said to lower the asbestos curtain, for there was a fire. I ran to it and tried to lower it, but it was heavy and when some one jostled my hand, as caught. Some one else came and pulled down the rope and released me and shoved me out of the way."

"Do you mean to say that you ran from the back of the stage to the front, grabbed the rope to lower the asbestos curtain and tried to do so before the regular men in charge of the curtain could reach it?" queried Deputy Coroner Daugherty. "I guess that is so," admitted Daugherty.

TRUST COMPANY'S SPLENDID SHOWING

Report of the Mississippi Valley Trust Co. for 1903 Shows a Prosperous Year.

Nothing so forcibly illustrates the solidity, financial resources and conservative management of St. Louis banking institutions as does the annual statement of conditions just issued by the Mississippi Valley Trust Company. This report covers the operations of the calendar year 1903, and its perusal cannot fail to impart the liveliest gratification, not only to the fortunate stockholders of the company, but to its depositors as well. A recapitulation of its leading features at this time will prove both interesting and instructive.

The resources of the company are placed at the magnificent total of \$25,728,922.57. The capital stock paid in, \$3,000,000, and the surplus fund, \$3,500,000, remain at the same figure as for the calendar year 1902, but the item of undivided profits on hand has increased to \$1,745,098.72, an increase during the last year of \$270,695.53. During the year 1903, dividends were paid to stockholders at the rate of 16 per cent, as compared with a 12 per cent disbursement during 1902, the total amount thus paid being \$480,000 in 1903, as against \$360,000 in 1902. The actual cash in its vaults, December 31, 1903, was 1,034,304.31, while the item of checks, sight drafts and due from other trust companies and banks stands at \$5,842,480.80. Its total time, savings and checking deposits amount to \$14,219,533.80.

The Mississippi Valley Trust Company now ranks among the world's great financial institutions, and the ability and conservatism of its management have gained it an enviable position and standing abroad as well as in the United States. A striking evidence of this fact was shown in its selection by the British government as the Fiscal Agent of the Royal British Commission to the Louisiana Purchase Exposition. This is in effect a compliment of the highest nature from the most powerful and financially conservative nation of Europe.

TRAMP WHO PLAYED 'POSSUM

Bruce Ryan Pretended To Be Crazy. Recorder Sends Him to the Penitentiary.

"You have been playing 'possum,'" stated Recorder Broyles to Bruce Ryan, a white man, yesterday afternoon in the police court. "You have been pretending you were crazy but the game won't work. I had a physician to examine you, and he says you are playing 'possum.'"

Ryan hung his head and made no reply. He was arrested last Saturday night on the charge of being a vagrant, and after being locked up in a cell he pretended to be crazed and acted in such a manner that the recorder had his mental caliber looked into by the city physician.

Ryan came to Atlanta from Baltimore about two weeks ago and roamed about the streets night and day. He begged food and refused work when it was offered him.

The recorder fined him \$10, which gave him work in the city chain-gang for three weeks.

Schooner Brooks Total Loss.

Beaufort, N. C., January 18.—(Special.) The three-masted schooner Joseph W. Brooks, lumber laden, from Savannah bound for Baltimore, struck on outer Diamond Lookout shoals at 3 o'clock Sunday morning. Heavy seas boarded her, carrying away the only yawl boat which contained captain and crew's personal effects and deck load. Leaving them at the mercy of the waves, she settled down and filled with water. The crew took to the lifeboats and daylight. The Cape Lookout life-saving station crew rescued Captain Davidson and seven sailors. The vessel and cargo are a total loss.

Norman Resigns Presidency. Columbus, Ga., January 18.—(Special.) R. M. Norman, who was elected president of the Empire Mills Company in its recent reorganization, today resigned that position because of being physically unable to discharge the exacting duties of the office. Hugh Baird, who has been secretary and treasurer of the City Mills Company, was chosen to succeed Mr. Norman as manager of the Empire mill.



SIMPLE SIMON.

Here we see Simple Simon. You remember he met a Pieman. Were the Pieman's Pies made with Cottoleene? Oh, no; that was long ago, before Cottoleene had ever been heard of. Then the Pieman's Pies were made of Lard? They were. They must have been Heavy, Hard and very unpleasant eating. They were. Did Simple Simon eat them? He did. That is why they call him Simple Simon. Poor Fellow! In his day there was no Cottoleene, but now "Cottoleene covers a multitude of Pies."

Cottoleene will be found at good grocers. Sold only in sealed pails. 20-page Cottoleene Primer, illustrated in colors, from which above is one page, sent free on request.

Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Dept. 283 CHICAGO.

FURNACE IN COMMISSION SIMPSON AND CASH GONE

No. 1 of the Alabama Steel and Wire Company Will Make Its First Run of Iron Tomorrow. It Is Well Equipped.

Gadsden, Ala., January 18.—(Special.)—Furnace No. 2 of the Alabama Steel and Wire Company was put in commission yesterday, and will make its first run of iron tomorrow.

This furnace is the largest in the south. Every modern method and economical ideas in furnace building have been adopted, and its daily capacity is 350 tons. The starting of this furnace inaugurated an era of steelmaking in this district, and means the distribution of millions of dollars.

The plans of the company include four blast furnaces and ten basic open-hearth steel furnaces.

Prominent Young Man of Montgomery, Ala., Has Left the City—Cotton Speculation Caused the Trip—Was Lieutenant in Company.

Montgomery, Ala., January 18.—(Special.)—John Simpson, a prominent young man of this city, has disappeared, and it is said about \$2,500 of a local hardware firm's cash where he was employed is also missing. Simpson was one of the most popular young men in the city. He was second lieutenant of the Montgomery Blues. He leaves a widowed mother and several sisters. Cotton speculation is said to have been the cause of his downfall.

Any Cough or Cold Can be promptly cured with Mosley's Lemon Elixr, price 25 cents at all drug stores.

Entire Building—Six Floors and Basement.

A \$3.50 Shoe

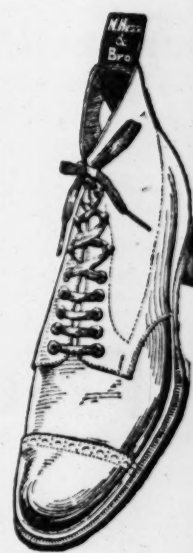
First Floor, rear.

A cold weather shoe—and it's made by "Hess"—no shoe could claim a higher recommendation.

Double sole—and the very best sole—best material all the way through.

Made in box calf. Blucher cut.

Another at \$3.50, double sole and calf lined. Made up in box calf and vici; Blucher or Bal.



Men's Hats

First Floor, right.

Just a reminder in passing that 'tis time to freshen up your headgear a bit.

Derbies in Black, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$4.00



Atlanta Society Women

As Expert Horse Riders.

"KNOWLEDGE is power in riding and driving, as in everything else," says the expert horseman, when the young woman who thinks she knows it all presents herself for her first riding lesson.

"I have been riding all my life," she says, "the fastest horses, but for some reason I was ruled out in the last horse show. Of course, I know it was all the fault of the horse I rode, still I thought I'd take a few lessons, and learn how to accustom myself to any sort of a horse."

"A great many people ride," serenely discourses the instructor, "but very few people know how to ride correctly," and before the ambitious young woman takes many riding lessons she finds that her riding was on a par with her singing before she took her first lesson.

What she sang before the lessons the neighbors could all bear witness, but just how she sang they didn't all tell her.

At present quite a large contingent of Atlanta's best known women are deeply interested in riding and driving, and by spring many of them expect to be no longer novices in such sports, but expert horsewomen.

The last horse show, with its ladies' saddle horse class, inspired a new interest among Atlanta women in horseback riding especially, and though a number are learning to become good drivers, the majority of the classes are turning their attention to the saddle horse.

In the Coliseum at Piedmont park yesterday there were interesting classes, morning and afternoon, the pupils being among Atlanta's married as well as unmarried women, while a number of little folks, under the guidance of their mothers, were taking their first lessons and struggling manfully with the reins.

One rather young pupil who has ridden her ponies in several horse shows and carried off ribbons, drove meekly around the ring at snail's pace for quite fifteen minutes.

"Is she tired?" asked an admirer of an onlooker.

"No," was the reply, "but she is just beginning to learn to drive."

And so it was with many who had prided themselves on their sporting propensities.

It is no easy thing to ride horseback correctly, and nowadays no young woman's education is complete unless she has mastered the equestrian art.

To "walk, trot and canter," she must learn first and then everything else comes easy, so says the master.

Afternoon Reception.

ONE of the prettiest and most elaborate affairs of the week will be the reception at which Mrs. William A. Wimble will entertain this afternoon in compliment to Mrs. C. E. Beach, of Columbus, Ga.

The guests will be entertained between the hours of 4 and 6 o'clock, and assisting Mrs. Wimble will be Mrs. Vassar Woolley, Mrs. Rutherford Lipscomb, Mrs. Edmund Berkeley, Mrs. W. D. Ellis, Mrs. W. D. Ellis, Jr., Miss Lillian Dickinson, Miss Waldo, Miss Phoebe Ellis, Miss Annie Caverly and Miss Harriet Ellis, while presiding at the punch bowl will be Miss Louise Harris and Miss Florine Richardson.

Those invited to meet Mrs. Beach are Mesdames W. S. Yates, C. D. Meador, N. P. Pratt, Thomas R. Cobb, C. L. Stoney, E. H. Richardson, E. G. McCabe, J. K. Ottley, W. L. Peel, Arthur G. Hobbs, George Traylor, J. J. Gonzalez, William T. Newman, L. J. Hanna, Ira Lewis Pollard, A. R. Nininger, L. E.

Curious Place to Get a Worth-while BOOK

FREE

"The Road to Wellville"

A miniature copy in every package of Postum Coffee and Grape-Nuts, free. Find it and you will keep it.

The strongest "little book" of the century. Telephone the grocer for a package of either Grape-Nuts or Postum, or both, and read the book today.

It doesn't weigh much, but you couldn't buy it away from some owners for its weight in gold or gems.

POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd.,

Battle Creek, Mich.

Bohemian gold, decorated with a head design.

The prizes were of rare Bohemian ware and were of intrinsic value. The first, a tall cylinder vase, was won by Mrs. P. P. Williams. Mrs. J. W. Apperson won the second trophy, an exquisite berry bowl, decorated with clusters of strawberries in their natural color. The lone hand prize, a large compote, was secured by Mrs. Thomas Day.

"To Mrs. J. W. Campbell fell the consolation, and exquisite decanter. It was drawn by the use of tiny gift balls with yellow ribbon, and the one bearing 1904 drew the prize.

"Miss Annie Armstrong captured the young ladies' prize, which was a gold pin. At the conclusion of the game refreshments were served, which were carried out the color motif of the occasion.

"The dining room was in pink and green. The table was covered with a handsome lace spread, over pink satin and the center ornament was a tall vase of pink carnations. Ferns and small palms were also used in this room. Champagne punch and bonbons were served during the game.

"Mrs. Lang received her guests wearing a becoming toilet of embroidered crepe de chine, in lemon color, with trimmings of chiffon and heavy garnishments of pearls."

Piedmont Continental Chapter.

THE Piedmont Continental Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, held an enthusiastic meeting at the Carnegie library last Friday afternoon. At the December meeting the following officers were elected for the coming year, and they assumed their duties at the Friday meeting:

Regent—Mrs. Clement H. Ashford.
Vice Regent—Mrs. Ed A. Hardin.
Recording Secretary—Miss Mary Nunnally.
Corresponding Secretary—Miss Ruby Felder Ray.

—Mrs. John A. Perdue.
Registrar—Mrs. T. Moody.
Historian—Mrs. Stevie Dean.

The chapter will take up the study of parliamentary law for the year, and has planned to read several fine historical papers prepared and read by the different members.

At the February meeting Mrs. F. O. Fisher will read a paper on the "Personal Side of George Washington."

On the afternoon of the 26th of February the chapter will give a "Silver Tea" in honor of Washington's birthday, at the residence of Mrs. John A. Perdue in Inman Park.

The chapter has taken on new life with the new year and hopes all members will show their interest and co-operation by attending the monthly meetings and the Washington tea.

Atlanta Woman's Magazine.

PEOPLE are apt to deplore the fact that the south seems unable to support a magazine without in the least considering the question. All magazines are not for amusement pure and simple and are not good trashy magazines. To be sure there is no magazine of Scribner's or Harper's in the south, but the postoffice records show that there are more successful publications in Atlanta than in most cities of its size.

There are half a dozen splendid paying magazines, an insurance, two photographic, several agricultural and others of one kind or another, some of which are as much as twelve or fourteen years old.

As the fact, however, that Atlanta is a new magazine is interesting to everybody, but that it is to be devoted to women and children is especially interesting to the readers of this page. This magazine is to be edited and published by two Atlanta young women, Misses Charlotte and Marie Stewart and I believe they expect to issue the first number in February.

The Misses Stewart are unusually clever young women, both of them being clever as well with their pens. Miss Charlotte Stewart had a drawing class in Atlanta for a number of years, and she has had splendid opportunities for study and has made the most of them.

She was an excellent teacher. She it is who will furnish most of the illustrations, while her sister will look after the literary part of the magazine. I had a delightful conversation with these ambitious young ladies the other day and their enthusiasm and energy was contagious and I was sure to win for them success in this new undertaking. They showed me a few pen and ink sketches that will be used to illustrate the fashion articles in the first number. These designs, which are for women's and children's frocks, coats, etc., show a great deal of style and originality, as well as clever drawing.

There will be besides fashion beauty and health hints, short stories, articles by and about well known women and what women are doing of interest all over the country. In fact it is to be a magazine that any woman would give a dollar to have regularly each month for its helpful suggestions, and good reading matter.

They are personally seeing the advertisement of Atlanta and their contracts from both northern and local firms made before a single number has been published. show that such a medium for advertisers is very much needed in this section of the country. They deserve it and we surely wish for them success.

Meetings.

There will be the usual Sunday gospel meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this afternoon at 4 o'clock. Miss Adele Destro, general secretary of the association, will lead, and the meeting promises to be unusually interesting one. All women are welcome. The rooms will be open from 3 to 7.

St. Mary Guild, Church of the Incarnation, will meet today at 3 p. m. with Mrs. E. M. Steeber, No. 272 Ashby street.

The Woman's Alliance of the Unitarian church will meet Tuesday at 3:30 o'clock with Mrs. J. S. Russell, 383 Cherokee avenue. A full attendance is desired.

The ladies of the Universalist church will serve a five-course dinner this evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Social Items.

Mrs. Lucien H. Cooke arrives in the city today as the guest of her sister, Mrs. Welborn Hill. Her friends will regret to learn that her visit will be a brief one.

Mrs. Stephen Palmer returns today from Washington, Ga.

The reception at which Mrs. W. A. Wimble entertains this afternoon will be a delightful occasion.

Miss Mamie Sullivan is in New York.

Mrs. W. A. Callaway is in New Orleans visiting her daughter, Mrs. Hume.

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. John, of New York, after spending several weeks in Atlanta have returned home.

The friends of Mrs. R. E. Wall will regret to hear that she is seriously ill at her residence on Hill street.

Mr. Blanton Fortson has returned from Washington, Ga.

Miss Julia Brickman, of Montgomery, Ala., is expected Wednesday to be the guest of Miss Eva Friend, 231 South Pryor street.

The marriage of Miss Mary Flynn and Mr. Theodore Michael Lambert takes



ORGANS OF OCTOGENARIAN IN BODY OF A YOUNG MAN

New York, January 18.—Encased with the body of a man 23 years old, the doctors of the Lincoln hospital in this city have found the vital organs that belong to an octogenarian.

The discovery may be regarded as one of the most surprising in the history of the post mortem examinations and so far as known stands alone, although it bears some resemblance to the case of the peasant girl, Jeanne Uhl, who aroused interest among French anatomists about fifteen years ago. William McGrath was admitted to the hospital about four weeks ago, suffering intense pain in the lower part of the back in the region of the kidneys. He had lived in or near New York all his life, there being no excess of ozone in the atmosphere which he took into his lungs, so there could not be any abnormal oxidation in his arteries, as in the case of Jeanne Uhl.

His face was youthful in contour and his skin smooth. He did not appear to be within three years of his actual age. His ailment was diagnosed as acute nephritis—inflammation of the kidneys. He received the most skillful medical attention and careful nursing, but sank

place this morning at a quarter to 5 o'clock at the Church of the Immaculate Conception.

Mrs. Lee Jordan, of Macon, Ga., passed through the city Sunday en route to New York.

Mr. Roland Ellis has returned to his home in Macon.

The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Lee Lewman will regret to learn that they will spend the remainder of the winter in Florida.

Miss Kate Murphy entertains the Euchre Club this afternoon at her home on Pryor street.

Mrs. J. T. Dargan will give an afternoon tea Friday from 4 to 6 o'clock in compliment to her guest, Mrs. Patterson, of Michigan.

Miss Florence Jackson will entertain formally on Wednesday evening in compliment to Miss Turk, the guest of Miss Julia Porter.

The Northside Golf and Bowling Club will be entertained this week by Mrs. Francis Carter.

Mrs. George Sciple spent several days in Athens last week.

Miss Myra Wiggs is the guest of friends in Griffin.

Mrs. Frank Weldon, who has been seriously ill for the past week, was very much better yesterday.

Miss Tabbutt, of New Orleans, was entertained at a box party yesterday at the Grand by Mrs. Paul Hebert.

Mr. H. F. West and his brother, Andrew West are spending a few days at St. Petersburg, Fla.

Miss Harriet Lane has returned to her home in Mississippi.

Mrs. J. Edgar Hunnicutt left Sunday for New Orleans.

Miss Sarah J. Nelson left yesterday for Philadelphia, where she will spend the remainder of the winter.

Mrs. B. C. DeLeon will entertain at cards on Thursday afternoon in compliment to Mrs. David H. Lopez.

Miss Ethel Mobley is expected home this week from a visit to Social Circle.

Mr. and Mrs. George Cunningham have returned to Atlanta after making Macon their home for a year.

Mrs. Hamilton Douglas entertained last evening at a farewell party in compliment to Miss Behre, who leaves this week for Boston, where she will spend several weeks before sailing for Vienna.

A NEW FAD.

The collection of pocket mirrors with the firm address and advertisement on them has become quite a fad. A party advertised in our want column for kinds that he does not now have. This is a new one. Stamps and money are not in it with mirrors.

SEPTIC TANK SUGGESTION.

Third Ward Citizen Makes New Suggestion to the Board of Health.

At a recent meeting the board of health asked for suggestions in regard to a septic tank. Citizens of the third ward were protesting against the location of a tank on Connelly street. One of the citizens who was present at the meeting and who heard the request for suggestions has furnished The Constitution with the following card:

"Editor Constitution: We have reached an era in the history of our city when the so-called septic tanks might menace our public health. I will therefore be pardoned for offering a suggestion which I believe will be a feasible solution of the question about the disposition of night soil, garbage and ashes from manufactories, hotels and private residences. I think my suggestion will lessen the cost to the city and will at the same time protect the city's health."

"I suggest that the ashes be used to pave our improved streets. Let the ashes be collected separately from the garbage. With one bushel of salt, one barrel of lime and one cart load of red clay to every 20,000 pounds of ashes you can make as good a paving material as could be wanted. It will be good as chert and very cheap."

"The electric car lines, which are not used after 12 o'clock at night can be utilized

gradually to death. An autopsy was performed in the presence of three of the hospital staff. The kidneys were examined first and the doctors were amazed to find them shriveled and contracted. Just as those of a man 80 years of age. Then the dissectors found an enlarged liver that belonged to an octogenarian and not a boy.

Further exploration disclosed a heart grown to a size out of all proportion. Exhibited to a skilled anatomist with its history concealed it would be pronounced to be the heart of a man at least 75 years old, accustomed all his life to hard work.

Nature presented another and a stranger abnormality in the hardening of the arteries. These pipes had lost their flexibility. The arterial stream had flowed through them with the sluggishness of old age, while the walls had thickened and become almost brittle.

Only a meager history of the patient's previous condition was obtained when McGrath was admitted for treatment, but, so far as known, his habits were good and he was not given to alcoholic excesses, so that without any known cause he should have worn out man in the twenty-third year.

ized to haul the night soil to the river, where it can be dumped into the river or emptied into a septic tank. Flue cars can be provided by the city for the purpose. At some convenient point in the city the cars can be sidetracked in each ward. During the day the wagons can haul the night soil in air tight barrels to a point below our pumping station. A derrick could be built at a very small cost by which the barrels could be lowered into the river, emptied, washed and replaced on the cars again. If there is any objection to this, then build your septic tank at the river.

"Of course, the garbage can be taken in the same way as the night soil. The cars with their empty barrels could be returned to the city and unloaded on the wagons long before the trolley cars began to operate again in the morning."

"I offer this because I believe it is a feasible plan and will save the city trouble and expense. I believe in the betterment of our city and have no selfish motives in the matter. I am a taxpayer in the third ward and trust that my suggestion may be looked into. Respectfully,

"N. ST. JOHN."

Domestic Troubles.

It is exceptional to find a family where there are no domestic ruptures occasionally, but these can be lessened by having Dr. King's New Life Pills around. Much trouble they save by their great work in stomach, liver and bowels. They not only relieve you, but cure. 25c. at all drug stores.

What a delightful play of color in the rose gold and leaf enamel!

Gold filigree work lays a large claim to distinction in many of the new brooch designs—it has a certain bizarre effect.

Charles W. Crankshaw, In the Century Building.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

Dr. E. C. Griffin has recently moved his GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS from the Austin Building to 24½ Whitehall street, over Brown & Allen's Drug Store. He has fitted up one of the handsomest dental offices in the south. He is better prepared to serve the public than ever before. For the convenience of those who are unable to have their work done during the day, my office will be open until 10 o'clock every night except Sunday. I am offering the following Low Prices for the next ten days:

Gold Filling \$1.00 and up
Set of Teeth \$3.00 and up
Gold Crown \$3.00 to \$5.00
Bridge Work \$4.00 per Tooth
Teeth Extracted \$1.00 per Pain by the Latest Process. Telephone 1706

CLEARANCE SALE

In consequence of having to rebuild and give my 95 Whitehall street store a general overhauling, for which plans and specifications are now in the hands of an architect, I will begin to sell at 7 West Mitchell street in a few days, regardless of profit, sale to continue until all are sold, a large lot of goods, such as every family needs, consisting partly of bowls and pitchers, old bowls or basins, white granite ware pitchers, coffee mills, black tin dishes, coffee pots, sugar bowls, tin wash basins and lots of other goods too numerous to mention here. In the meantime my best, wine and liquors will be continued at 95 Whitehall street, except I may have to ask the honorable mayor and council to temporarily allow me to move to 7 Mitchell street during the progress of the work.

PETER LYNCH, PROFESSIONAL CARDS

R. T. Dorsey, P. H. Brewster, Albert Howell, Jr., Sanders McDaniel, Hugh M. Dwyer, Arthur Hiram, DORSEY, BREWSTER & HOWELL, Attorneys at Law.

Offices 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 209 and 210 Kiser building. Long distance telephone, 820, Atlanta, Ga.

THOS. H. MORGAN. JOHN R. DILLON

MORGAN & DILLON, (Successors to Bruce & Morgan.)

Architects.

Prudential Building, ATLANTA, G. A.

A Delayed Shipment of French China,

Which we expected early in December, just came in a few days ago—too late for the Christmas trade and in the middle of a month that's usually dull.

There are three new patterns of dinner wares in the lot—101 piece sets—and we price them \$25 instead of \$30 and \$35 because of their tardy arrival.

They're the greatest values you've seen.

Dobbs and Wey Co.

57 North Pryor Street. Next to the Equitable Building.

ON DEATH TRUST WAR IS WAGED

City of Chicago Will Begin Manufacture of Anti-toxin.

Chicago, January 18.—A municipal laboratory for the manufacturing of anti-toxin under supervision of public chemists may be the outcome of the campaign which has been instituted by the Chicago Medical society against the high price exacted by the manufacturers of anti-toxin, or so called "death trust."

At a conference of officers of the organization including President Robert Preble and Secretary Frank X. Walls, the feasibility of the scheme has been discussed in detail. It is said if the approval of the society is obtained, some action will be asked to introduce an ordinance of anti-toxin into the city and making the necessary appropriation for its foundation and maintenance.

The arbitrary one hundred per cent advance in price of one of the essentials of the modern treatment of diphtheria is held by the physicians to show that provision for the constant supply of the article devolves upon the municipality as a measure for the preservation of the public health. The high price "death trust" is declared means that thousands of children may perish in the first diphtheria epidemic which appears in the city.

It was estimated by the medical society officials that a municipal laboratory could be established with an appropriation of \$20,000 and \$5,000 for the operating expenses the first year.

PREACHER BARS NEW JERUSALEM

Hereafter Dr. Gunsaulus Will Talk of Needs of Chicago.

Chicago, January 18.—"Our pulpits—mine with the rest—have had too much to say about the New Jerusalem and not enough concerning the vital needs of Chicago."

"I have neglected my duty. I have seen abused lawlessness—lawlessness and carelessness in public life, and have not lifted my voice against them. Hereafter, with God's help, I will do my full duty as a citizen."

The confession and promise for the future platform has been made by Rev. Frank Gunsaulus, pastor of Central church, for the first time since the fire in the city. He was speaking at the church in the afternoon, when the church was to have met on the following Sunday. It was the fire in which the nephew of Dr. Gunsaulus lost his life.

"Public sentiment is to blame," said Dr. Gunsaulus. "We might put the blame on the aldermen, the building department, the theater managers and all the stage hands in prison, but without a permanent change in public sentiment we should accomplish nothing. Don't blame the mayor and the aldermen. Blame those that elect them."

"Remove unsafe things. Do not permit them to exist. I mean not alone unsafe theaters—but unsafe churches, unsafe education, unsafe policies."

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From Three to Four

We are making a big spread in trousers—from \$3.00 to \$4.00.

Cheviots, tweeds, worsteds, or tibetans.

This season of the year is always hard on Men's Trousers. Does not affect the coat and vest so much, but it does play havoc with the Trousers.

Don't throw the coat and vest away—come and get a pair of the good, serviceable and stylish Trousers we are selling at much less than their actual value.

SPLENDID OFFERINGS AT \$3.00, \$4.00, \$5.00, \$6.00, 7.00.

Made in a perfect manner and to fit as well as if built by the most exclusive merchant tailor, who would charge you double the price we ask.

EISEMAN & WEIL Men's and Boys' Outfitters. 1 WHITEHALL STREET.

Some splendid values in blacks and blues.

Cured at your home. FALLING HAIR

dandruff, irritated or itching scalp, splitting or falling hair, and all other disorders affecting the hair and scalp. Full information and book free. Write personally to John H. Woodbury D. I., 22 West 23rd Street, New York.

JEWELS

Continuing our policy of carrying in stock jewelry which will appeal to the artistic as well as filling the demand for stones of genuine value, we have added pieces of the very latest design.

At present will be found an exquisite collection of the latest pendants, pins and necklaces, mounted in pearls, turquoise, emeralds, diamonds, rubies and other precious stones. It may be said, however, that nearly all of these have been made to our order, and of design which will not be found elsewhere.

HAYNES & MELLICHAMP, Jewelers, 37 Whitehall St.

Brooches.

What a delightful play of color in the rose gold and leaf enamel!

Gold filigree work lays a large claim to distinction in many of the new brooch designs—it has a certain bizarre effect.

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CLEARANCE SALE

In

POULTRY SHOW
OPENS MONDAYOfficers Believe That 1,000
Fowls Will Be
Entered.

The entries for the annual exhibition of the Atlanta Poultry Association will close on Saturday, January 23, at noon, and by the time that the secretary closes his books it is believed by the officers of the association that at least 1,000 fowls will be ready for the opening day.

Usually in arranging for poultry exhibitions the entries are closed about one week in advance of the time of the show, but realizing that every moment of time was needed to get together a fine collection of fowls, the officers of the association decided to let them remain open as long as possible. This year the list will be closed on Saturday and the show will begin on the next Monday.

Secretary Harwell has rented a store on Whitehall street for the week of the exhibition, situated at Nos. 46-48, between Alabama and Hunter streets. This place is centrally located and well attended. It is believed that the store will be crowded all the week and that the venture will be successful in every way.

Applications for premium lists have been received from all over the country. One gentleman in Illinois wrote for a list, saying that he would be glad to get the opportunity to show his fowls, and hundreds of others will be sent from every part of the south and many from the north.

This will be the first winter poultry show held in this city for about five years. The one was held in the hall of the Gate City Guard. After this the shows held through and though several have been planned and executed at other times of the year, none of them have been successful.

There are no restrictions in this exhibition. Every one, regardless of the place where he lives, is allowed to compete. A number of special premiums have been offered by the merchants of the city, and everything is in good shape.

Officers and Members.

E. P. Howell, mayor of Atlanta, is the president of the association. W. R. Johnson is vice president, and C. O. Harwell, secretary and treasurer. The executive committee is composed of S. M. Burbank, chairman; J. E. Carlton, John W. Zuber, Robert E. Riley and C. R. Jolly. The judges are C. J. Marshall, H. B. Stantley, L. L. McClellan, George H. Downs, J. G. Oglesby, Jr., George Breitenbush, W. H. Harrison, John L. Smith, L. B. Robertson, T. C. Miller, J. N. Terry, John W. Matthews, D. T. Heary, P. A. O'Donoghue, R. Ludwig, George Adair, A. P. Stewart, Dolley W. White, Jr., C. Campbell and C. H. Ledford.

Officers are installed.

Knight of Maccabees Entertained Friends at Public Exercises Last Night.

The Greater Atlanta and Grady tents, Knights of the Maccabees, held a public installation of officers at the Red Men's wigwam, on Central avenue, last night, the hall being filled to overflowing with spectators.

The installation took place with the knights participating in all their bright regalia and was a fine sight, much enjoyed by all who witnessed it. In addition to the business of installation an interesting programme of musical numbers was rendered.

The programme was as follows: Overture—C. E. Sumner's orchestra. Invocation—Dr. John E. White. Address—J. W. Rice. Selection—Miss Christian. Duet—Misses Moller. Selection, "Holy City"—Master John Anderson. Installation of officers. Selection—Orchestra. Moving Pictures, Illustrated Songs—Earl C. Bacon.

The officers installed were: For the Greater Atlanta tent, F. A. Hickson, commander; H. W. Warnock, lieutenant commander; A. C. Polk, chaplain; O. A. Kupper, record keeper; J. W. Sower, sergeant at arms; J. J. Young, master of arms; L. G. Wilbanks, first master of the guard; A. Stephens, second master of the guard; J. A. Black, sentinel; B. H. Pickett, picket. For the Grady tent, J. B. Richardson, commander; T. A. Pinson, lieutenant commander; T. L. Irwin, chaplain; J. E. Melver, record keeper; A. H. Olsman, sergeant at arms; W. D. Odum, master of arms; C. A. Bowen, first master of the guard; R. L. Gash, second master of the guard; F. O. Gustafsen, sentinel; J. Gordon, picket.

The outlook for the order in Atlanta and Georgia is particularly bright and the knights expect to make 1904 the greatest year in their history. A large number of the members of the Grady City have, ladies' auxiliary, were present at last night's ceremonies.

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GERMAN SHIPS AT OUR PORTS.

West Indian Squadron To Visit United States Ports.

Berlin, January 18.—Orders have been sent to the commodore in command of the German West Indian squadron to send the ships now at Havana to United States ports. During the next ten days the Vireta, with the commodore on board, will go to New Orleans, the Faulke to Mobile and the Gazelle to Galveston, Tex.

CALL FOR

"The Old Reliable"

YELLOW LABEL

WHISKEY

CHAS. M. PFEIFER & CO.,

DISTILLERS, O.

ABSOLUTELY PURE. Sold by All Dealers.

CHAS. M. PFEIFER & CO.,

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ABSOLUTELY PURE. Sold by All Dealers.

BESSIE MCCARTHY
WAS THE ONLY ONEAll Other Favorites at New
Orleans Failed To Win.

Ring Profited by the Defeat of Ralph Young and Athelia, Both of Them Being Heavily Backed.

Entries For Tuesday.

New Orleans, January 18.—Bessie McCarthy was the only winning favorite. The ring profited largely by the defeat of Ralph Young and Athelia, both of whom were heavily backed. Queen of Dixiana was sold today to A. C. McCafferty, and Star and Garter to T. L. Caldwell. The price in both cases was private. Weather clear; track fast.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs: Floral King, 10 (Robinson), 9 to 1, won; Mad Mullah, 107 (Higginson), 9 to 1, second; Ducky, 105 (Gannon), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:12 4-5. J. P. Mayberry, Arthur, Tom Kelly, Athalia and Reganella.

SECOND RACE—Six and one-half furlongs: Fronteno, 115 (Higgins), 9 to 1, won; Russell Garth, 110 (H. Phillips), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:20. Velos, Carrara, Leoric, Charisma, Sempier Vivax, Star of the Sea and Strider ran.

THIRD RACE—Selling, 1 mile: Louisville, 95 (W. Hennessy), 6 to 1, won; Melastander, 108 (Muholland), 9 to 1, second; Bernate, 107 (Higginson), 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:41 4-5. Uranium, Levitation, Bengal, Oclawaha, Frank M. Nellis, Fortess, Pyrrho, Governor Boyd and James Pitts ran.

FOURTH RACE—Seven furlongs, handicap: Footlight's Favorite, 110 (Higgins), 10 to 1, won; Foresight, 110 (Gannon), 3 to 1, second; Ralph Young, 93 (McIntyre), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:37 1-5. Katie Foster, Inaudible Girl, Short Calk, Second Sight and Silver Meade ran.

FIFTH RACE—Mile and a sixteenth: Wakeno, 102 (W. Fisher), 40 to 1, won; Free Admission, 105 (Higginson), 20 to 1, second; Felix Bard, 107 (Cochran), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:49. Eliza Dillon, Athalia, Erbe, Blue Mint, Decoration, Satire, Whitmore and Lampton ran.

SIXTH RACE—Mile and seventy yards: Massie McCarthy, 105 (Minder), 11 to 10, won; Burke Cochran, 102 (Higgins), 5 to 2, second; Sarilla, 108 (B. Davis), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:46 3-4. Peronia, Neither One, Havel, Queen of Dixiana, Mid and Denny Duffy ran.

Today's Entries at New Orleans.

First Race—Purse, 6 furlongs: Baster Walters, 102 (Duncan), 104 (Gerrich), Lolly Daily, Presentation, 107 (Gannon), 109; Bounding, Miss Aubrey, 112; Tally H, Carl Kahler, 123; RACER, 124.

Second Race—Selling, 6 furlongs: Heaman, Allegretto, 103; Equity, 106; Frankson, 111; Katie Gibbons, 119; Ponca, 123; Uranium, 125; Burying Glass, 128; Almyr, Nabokish, Circus Girl, 129; Lark, 130; Hornet, 134.

Third Race—Purse, 7 furlongs: Overhand, 89; Komomo, Lady Lavish, 92; Bountiful, 94; J. P. Mayberry, Fort Plain, 97; Stunt, 100; New York, 115.

Fourth Race—Mile, handicap: Our Nugget, 90; Ten, 102; Lev Dorsey, 102; Reszke, 103; Tribes Hill, 110.

Fifth Race—Selling, 1-1/8 miles: Lola, 104; Bessie McCarthy, 105; Kitty Clyde, 91; Vesuvia, 95; Baronet, 98; Compass, 100; Commens, Malay, 103; Badger, 104; Bonster.

Sixth Race—Selling, mile and 70 yards: Athalia, 93; Will Shelly, Lady Mistake, 99; Lascache, 92; Kiwasa, Lady Matchless, 94; Glendon, 95; Toga, 97; Dr. Stickey, 96; Mauser, 99; Hymetous, 102.

A Very Close Call.

"I stuck to my engine, although every joint ached and every nerve was racked with pain," writes C. W. Bellamy, a locomotive fireman, of Burlington, Iowa. "I was weak and pale, without any appetite, and all run down. As I was about to give up, I got a bottle of Electric Bitters, and took it. I felt better, and as I ever did in my life." Weak, sickly, run down people always gain new life, strength and vigor from their use. Try them. Satisfaction guaranteed by all druggists. Price, 50 cents.

RELATIONS OF THE PARTIES.

Prosecution's Move in Trial of Machen and the Lorenzes.

Washington, January 18.—In the trial of August W. Machen, the Groff brothers and Dr. and Mrs. George E. Lorenz, charged with conspiracy to defraud the government, the prosecution introduced a number of witnesses to prove the relations of Machen with the Lorenzes and the Groff brothers. One of these, Tina Ledbetter, Machen's former stenographer and chief clerk, testified to visits of Dr. and Mrs. Lorenz to Machen at his office, but declared, on cross-examination, that during the several conversations she was present and heard nothing said about letter-box fasteners.

James E. Bell, superintendent of delivery of the Washington city postoffice, testified that the Groff fastener had been adopted without any report on it having been submitted by him, although it would have been his duty to make such report as the fastener was tried first in this city.

John F. Clark, a letter carrier, described the failure of the fastener to work at a test made in 1894 in this city, at which Machen and Samuel A. Groff were present, which, he said, caused Machen to remark to Groff at that time that unless the fastener would work without sticking he would not recommend its adoption.

During the day Justice Pritchard showed a disposition in arguments on admissibility of evidence not to tolerate unnecessary delays in the progress of the case.

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YELLOW LABEL

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Here's
News

AND GOOD NEWS

to every man who cares for style. It's just like finding money when you can buy a stylish up-to-date suit or overcoat at

\$12.50

Swell patterns, all wool and our guarantee with every garment.

Essig Bros.,
The Popular Clothiers,
26 Whitehall St.

ATLANTA OPENS
SEASON AT HOME

Montgomery Will Inevitably In-
vade Atlanta for the First
Series.

Montgomery will open the Southern League baseball season in Atlanta this year, and the thousands of spectators who will be present to see the first game of the season will see the same teams fighting for the game that opened the season here last year.

But the two teams will be very different in their make-up. Montgomery will be distinguished by the absence of her big first baseman, Whistler, who enlisted in many a baseball game last year with his beaming. Then, too, it is hardly likely that St. Paul will do the job work for the visitors, as he did, to A. V. "fat" sorrow last year. Otherwise the team will look somewhat like it did last year.

And Wilson will not do the box work for the Crackers, for Manager Powell has let his best twirler go to Pelican town, to strengthen Charlie Frank's team.

With the possible exception of one or two men, not a single one of Atlanta's old team will be in their old positions.

President Kavanaugh, with the assistance of Mike Finn, has been very busy of late in Little Rock in preparing the schedule for the coming season, and in short while copies of the schedule will be sent to each manager for his approval.

The season will open April 21 and will close on Sunday, September 25. The season will consist of 140 games, half of which will be played on the home grounds of each club in the league and half on the road. The western clubs will open in the west and the eastern clubs will open in the east, playing each other.

Little Rock will on the first day open up in New Orleans and Memphis will open the season in Shreveport while Nashville will try conclusions in Birmingham with Coffee Jackson's men.

This schedule was probably adopted at a meeting of the club managers, held in either Little Rock or Birmingham, some time in the spring.

G. H. Mumm & Co. Again Head the List of Champagne Importations.

Custom House statistics just issued show that 121,528 cases of G. H. Mumm's champagne were imported during the year 1903. This represents about one-third of all the champagne brought into the United States, and is greater by nearly 20,000 cases (each quart in a million bottles) than the importations of any other brand.

SAN FRANCISCO

GOOD DAY FOR BOOKS.

ONLY ONE FAVORITE WON

San Francisco, January 18.—Ananias was the only pronounced favorite to win at Oakland today. Van and Kenilworth put a little money in the pockets of the racers, but the books won heavily on the day as a whole. Weather cloudy; track sloppy.

FIRST RACE—Seven furlongs, selling: Celebrant, 117 (Spencer), 7 to 1, won; Dunoon, 107 (Gerrich), 2 to 1, second; Corner Kelly, 112 (O'Connell), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:30. Play Ball, Instru, Northwest, Dorice, Doris, The Cure, Ruvia, ran.

SECOND RACE—Three and a half furlongs, selling: Mollie, 99 (Kunz), 3 to 1, won; Marie J. (J. Daly), 2 to 1, second; Arisbe, 109 (J. Martin), 5 to 1, third. Time, 0:42 1/2. Sublimity, Queen, Wire, Miss Tompkins, Escobacas, Tarcola, Belle and Bagamunda ran.

THIRD RACE—Eleven sixteenths of a mile, selling: Ananias, 102 (Gerrich), 3 to 5, won; Creedmore, 95 (C. Smith), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:10. Atwood, Condulla, Sam Lazarus and Acoma ran.

FOURTH RACE—Mile and a sixteenth, selling: Mollie, 99 (Kunz), 3 to 1, won; Horton, 108 (J. Martin), 2 to 1, second; Cicadee, 95 (Hildebrand), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:40. Left Knight, Eiderdell, Illusion and Donator ran.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs, selling: Col. Van, 104 (Hildebrand), 2 1/2 to 1, won; Matt Horn, 104 (Larsen), 3 1/2 to 1, second; Lansdowne, 96 (Roach), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:15 1/2. Sublimity, Queen, Ruvia, North Bay Wonder ran.

SIXTH RACE—Mile and 70 yards: Kenilworth, 117 (Beck), 2 1/2 to 1, won; Sublimity, 102 (Larsen), 12 to 1, second; Daisy Green, 100 (Hildebrand), even, third. Time, 1:46 1/4. Namtor ran.

Today's Entries at San Francisco.

First Race—Futurity course, selling: Mount McGregor, 11, Purewood, 103; Brenna, Sir Preston, 115; Ben Lash, 103; Sue Johnson, 108; Marchino, 1 Do Go, 102; Lady Kent, Captivate, 115; Port Wayne, 116; Kubell, 108.

Second Race—Six furlongs, selling: Libbie Candid, Daphne, 104; Quaker Girl, Harbor, 99; Stimy, 104; Coroner Kelly, Signorina, 107.

Third Race—Futurity course, selling: Boyer, Byrondale, 108; Teufel, 94; Preston, 112; Quiz, Modder, 117; Sir Tom Fiddler, 115; Puredale, 111; Indian, 106; Beautiful Bill, 110; El Chihuahua, 120.

Fourth Race—Mile and seventy yards, selling: Billy Moore, 103; Achilles, 105; Emily Oliver, Elmer L. 106; Pat Morrissey, Prince Blazes, 107; Hellas, 101; O. U. 102; Antioles, 101; Mr. Dingle, 95; Isabella, 91.

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JACK BARRETT
MADE MANAGER

Will Succeed Witman As
Manager of Football
Team.

At a meeting of the athletic association of the Georgia School of Technology, held yesterday morning, Jack Barrett was elected manager of the football team, to succeed Jack Witman, who has resigned.

Mr. Barrett has been a hard worker for the school ever since he entered. Last spring he was elected assistant manager of the track team. Through his work in this capacity he was elected last year to the manager's position. This position he will more than likely resign, as the management of the football team will require so much of his attention.

He is a member of the Junior class and of the Alpha Tau Omega fraternity.

The Tech schedule is now being made, and Coach Heisman is aiding in the arrangement of the games and the dates. The coach has his hands full, for baseball is now in full swing and many other matters are absorbing his attention.

Arrangements are being made for the uniforms of the Tech baseball squad. They will be a steel blue in color and will be made of the very best material.

In fact, the man will be well supplied with all necessary equipment for the game. Coach Heisman realizes that every care must be taken of the men in order to have a successful team.

He has reduced the baseball squad from fifty to thirty men, thus cutting out fifty men from the list of probable members of the team. Among these thirty men will be found the members of the Tech baseball team for this year. Yesterday afternoon he took his men out on the field and practiced them in batting. The only work done so far in the gymnasium has been work in batting.

The coach does not wish to try out his pitchers this early in the season.

Professor Turner, a member of the faculty, has been appointed resident manager of the Tech athletic team. He will be a general supervisor and director of the work of Tech teams, and will give to the different managers the result of his experience in the past.

AT ASCOT.

ONLY ONE FAVORITE

CAME FIRST IN RACES

Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 18.—The public had the worst of the argument with the bookmakers at Ascot park today. Lunar being the only favorite to finish in front. Weather clear; track good.

FIRST RACE—Fifteen furlongs, selling: Nona B., 115 (J. Bowland), 3 to 1, won; Agnes Mack, 106 (J. Booker), 2 to 1, second; Nellie May, 1 (Lewis), 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:32 1/2. Marie, Educate, Del Vite, Toletta, Estada, Seaford and Neil Bolton ran.

SECOND RACE—Stauon course, 3-year-olds, selling: Huapala, 97 (E. Walsh), 3 to 1, won; Quest, 99 (J. Booker), 11 to 5, second; (Lewis), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:13. Eva D. Nora, Oeyrho, Halle Beach, Columbia and Lady Oak, Jerry Flanagan and Strife ran.

THIRD RACE—Mile and 70 yards, selling: Lunar, 95 (E. Walsh), 3 to 1, won; Zinger, 105 (Pletcher), 8 to 1, second; Schwarzwald, 100 (J. Booker), 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:48. Tourish, Uim, Profit, Gold One and Ping ran.

FOURTH RACE—Five-eighths mile, selling: Beautiful and Best, 116 (Redfern), 2 to 1, won; Wander, 116 (J. Boland), 4 to 5, second; Pustian, 113 (Pletcher), 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:02 3/4. Scapra, Cardwell, Almoner, Mareva ran.

FIFTH RACE—Mile, selling: The Gold-2-year-olds, 90 (E. Walsh), 5 to 1, won; Tag, 104 (J. Booker), even, second; Fortunato, 102 (Redfern), 8 to 5, third. Time, 1:42 1/2. Dr. Shorby, Bob's, 2 to 1, won; Seven-eighths mile, selling: Evander, 107 (Buxton), 3 to 1, won; Anirad, 98 (Lewis), 5 to 1, second; Max, 115 (J. Boland), 11 to 1, third. Time, 1:30. Dolly Weithert, Sallie Goodwin, Paddy B., and Toto Gracie ran.

Today's Entries at Ascot Park.

First Race—Stauon course, 3-year-olds, selling: Winkler, 90; Eiference, 95; Rosserie, 95; Phry, 100; J. V. Kirby, Rio Chico, Legal Maxim, Landseer, Brown Prince, 108; Roleta, 108; Troy, Andritus, Jack Richelieu, Jr., 110; Valmar, 113.

Second Race—Three-eighths mile, 2-year-olds, selling: 100; C. P. Walterhouse, 103; Hilona, 106; De Grammont, 109; Minnie Wells, Jerome, 110; Harry Stephens, Sam Hunter, 116 (J. Boland), 2 to 1, won; Wander, 116 (J. Boland), 4 to 5, second; Pustian

An "Ad" in The Constitution Want Columns

Will bring your boarders
Rent your rooms
Bring your help of all kinds
Sell your property
Save time and worry to you

Our rates are reasonable; your patronage will be appreciated. Phone us and we will send a "want" man to you.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—To employ pharmacist for drug store in country town; nice location; must be registered in N. C. and furnish all references. Address Drugist, care Constitution.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade. Splendid chance for distant applicants. Board and tools given. Good season to start. Few weeks complete. Steady practice, expert instructions. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber College, New Orleans, La.

WANTED—A few more white teachers at moderate salaries for spring positions. Interstate Teachers' Bureau, 74 N. Broad st., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Experienced Remington stenographer. Chance for advancement. Must be rapid and correct. Address P. O. Box 595 with recommendations and salary expected.

WANTED—Collector outside Atlanta. Small salary at start; guarantee bond \$500; not over 28 years of age. Give recommendations. Address P. O. Box 595.

COMBINATION bookkeeper and stenographer. Young man familiar with local insurance work. Young lady experienced in restaurant. Young man for office, 17 or 18, who can operate typewriter. Young man collector and salesman. Young man with some experience in dry goods. Capital City Business Agency, 1021 Empire building. Phone 2833.

EXPERT bookkeeper. Manager for grocery store, to leave city. File clerk, 14 to 16 years of age. Salesman for State factory, give recommendations. Address P. O. Box 595.

WANTED—Collector outside Atlanta. Small salary at start. Guarantee bond \$500; not over 28 years of age. Give recommendations. Address P. O. Box 595.

WANTED—An up to date, experienced soda water dispenser. State price; must be recommended. Address M. P. care Constitution.

WANTED—Experienced Remington stenographer; chance for advancement. Must be rapid and correct. Address P. O. Box 595 with recommendations and salary expected.

WANTED—Collector outside Atlanta; small salary at start. Guarantee bond \$500; not over 28 years of age. Give recommendations. Address P. O. Box 595.

WE WANT at once, ten first class mail salesmen. Special proposition. Must apply promptly. Higgins Co., Atlanta, Ga.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE. WANTED—Position as assistant shipping clerk by young man willing to work. Address "Anxious," care Constitution.

WANTED—Position by young man, as mail clerk in office. Address "Willing," care Constitution.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE. WANTED—Neatly dressed and nice appearing ladies to do house to house demonstrating both in and out of city. Apply office room 17, Goldens hotel, 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. O. Comstock, Mgr.

WANTED—Settled white lady to keep house for a widower; three children going to school. Apply at 176 Crew street after 5 o'clock.

WANTED at once, thoroughly competent, healthy woman without incumbency, for general house work; furnished room, best wages to reliable woman. Apply, with references, 345 Peachtree.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE. YOUNG LADY five years' experience legal work will accept position with good firm. Best references given. Address Rhea, 1026 Empire building.

WANTED—A good glove salesman for Georgia. Iowa Glove Co., Iowa City, Iowa.

WANTED—Salesmen to handle a line of "ladies" neckwear on commission, in conjunction with kindred lines. Address Storck & Katz, 15-21 W. Fayette St., Baltimore, Md.

WANTED—AGENTS. PAINT your roof with "A-G" Roof Paint. Stops all leaks—over 400 roofs painted in Atlanta. T. C. McDonald Roofing Co., 234 Central avenue. Bell phone 3550. Agents wanted.

AGENTS WANTED—Lamp men and dealers to handle the wonderful 1934 "air light," absolutely the best incandescent gas lamp on the market; agents are coming money on the sale of this light; why not you? sell on sight. Call and learn how you can make money. Mornings 9 to 12 A. Meyerson, 308 Prudential building.

LOST. LOST—Gold ring between Moreland ave. and Coco Cola Bldg. Return to 426 Edgewood ave. and get reward.

LOST—Yellow and brown Jersey cow, with turned in horn, left touching head. Return to 60 Richardson street and get reward.

LOST—Male and female setter puppies, both white with black ears. Return to 746 Peachtree and get reward. Albert Howell, Jr.

STORAGE. MORRIS Storage and Transfer Co. Pack, store and move h. h. boxes, pianos, 6 S. Broad st., Phone 144 Bell.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

FOR SALE—In one of the best towns in South Georgia, one three-story hotel, comparatively new, adjoining lots, etc. Call on L. J. Williams, Atlanta, Ga. or write to him, care Constitution.

FOR SALE—Paying drug business in Atlanta; invoice stock and fixtures \$2,200; terms cash. Address "Drugs," care Constitution.

HANDSOME half-tones made on short notice by the Southern Engraving Co., Atlanta, 2nd floor Constitution bldg.

YOU CAN FIND no better medium of profitable investment than is offered by the guaranteed 5 per cent installment bonds of the Southern Guarantee Loan Company, Kiser building, Atlanta, Ga. We refer to The Constitution and all Atlanta banks. Inquire for particulars.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

TWO experienced business men desire interest in small manufacturing plant or would buy outright if preferred. Address P. O. Box 692.

PERSONAL.

THE ATLANTA DENTAL COLLEGE in Atlanta is open for the reception of students at 9 a. m. All work done under the supervision of competent demonstrators. No charge except for material used. 38 1/2 Marietta st.

DOUBLE massage by hand and machine; a 50-year old face made to look like 18. At Ladies' Hair Dressing Parlors, Piedmont Hotel.

Do you wish to regain perfect manhood? If so, I can help you. No medicine to take, no vacuum treatment, no C. O. D. business. Those desiring more than nature bestowed need not write. All communications confidential and will be returned when requested. Address Dr. W. L. McKee, East Macon, Ga.

DO NOT wait for coal to go higher. Buy now! Best coal and cheapest prices. J. W. Williams & Co., Phone 556.

WE are headquarters in Atlanta for making all kinds of newspaper cuts, such as zinc etchings and half-tones. All work guaranteed to be as represented. Address Southern Engraving Company, Atlanta, Ga., 2nd floor Constitution bldg.

—I. S. T. E. N. I.—We'll help you pay your tuition. If you are not satisfied with your present position call or write The Lanier Southern Business College, 24 1-2 Whitehall Street, Where you may secure a good business education. Open day and night.

NAMES AND ADDRESSES—We can furnish classified lists of farmers, doctors, lawyers, merchants, county officials, ministers, newly-married couples, babies, new business houses, names of people building houses, electric light plants, water works, bridges or barns. Press clippings of every conceivable nature from all the weekly and daily newspapers. Send for prices. Harrison's Southern Press Clipping Bureau, Austell bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

LADIES' COLUMN. THE ATLANTA DENTAL COLLEGE in Atlanta is open for the reception of patients at 9 a. m. All work done under the supervision of competent demonstrators. No charge except for material used. 38 1/2 Marietta st.

\$2 PER MONTH rent only for the light running, no less than 9 Wheeler & Wilson. Bell phone 480. Office 71 Whitehall.

THE best things for Hot Stuff stoves are the oak and pine block for sale by J. W. Williams & Co., Phone 556.

THE NO. 9 Wheeler & Wilson is rapid, light running and noiseless; one-third faster than any other. Office 71 Whitehall. Bell phone 480.

MATRIMONIAL. AN HONORABLE gentleman desires a good wife, one with a home and some means; would not object to widow lady with one or three children, or maiden lady from 25 up to 40. I desire a Protestant. Address L. J. Williams, care Constitution.

WANTED—To correspond with widow not over 40; matrimony; first-class character, making good living. H. A. care Constitution.

PALMISTRY. SWANHILL, world-famed, scientific Palmist; exponent of the occult forces of nature; palmistry is the key to the life on this gift woman; no matter what trouble you have, come; she will guide you. Address L. J. Williams, care Constitution.

MME. DEL REY, Physic Palmist advises by methods which never fail on love, family, business affairs, law suits, changes, etc. 77 Fairlie st., around corner west from Carnegie library; also readings by mail.

MONEY TO LOAN. MONEY supplied salaried people without security. Largest business, forty-eight principal cities. Tolman, 524 Austell bldg.

SPECIAL HOME FUNDS to lend; any amount to \$10,000. Write to W. H. Wilson or call S. W. Carson, 61-1-2 South Broad.

QUICK LOANS at low rates on property anywhere convenient to Atlanta. W. F. Pattillo, second floor Gould building.

LOANS made on city real estate. Purchase money notes bought. Low rates and no delay. S. B. Turman & Co., corner Broad and Alabama.

SPECIAL HOME money to loan at 5 per cent in sums to suit without delay. R. M. Gann, 328 Empire.

ATLANTA Banking and Savings Co., 216 Century building, buys purchase money notes. Loans on real estate.

WEYMAN & CONNORS, 825 Equitable building, have money to lend on city property at 6, 8 and 7 per cent. Money on hand for those desiring quick loans.

CHEAP local and eastern money for quick loans. Edwin P. Ansley, 6-8-10 E. Alabama.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

SAVE money by buying your furniture and stoves from C. H. Mason; cash or credit. 6 and 8 W. Mitchell.

*PHONE 1050—Fresh eggs 35c per dozen. Wilkerson & Bro.

ALL PORK Tennessee smoked sausage, something fine. Wilkerson & Bro.

PARTIES wishing cuts for catalogue and high-class printing can find them in our establishment. We make the finest half-tones and zinc etchings. For prices and further information address: Southern Engraving Co., Atlanta, Ga., second floor, Constitution building.

SALT FISH ROE. Fresh shipment just in. Wilkerson & Bro., 77 Peachtree st.

*PHONE 1020—56 N. Broad street—if you want furniture, musical instruments or household goods packed and shipped, or refinished or repaired, P. H. Snook.

FOR SALE—One bright piano at a bargain. Call at Burnett & Gordon's Wall Paper Store, 54 North Broad street.

DARK RICK WHISKY. "The New York state kind." Also the finest maple syrup. Wilkerson & Bro., 77 Peachtree.

HOT STUFF—Blocks, sawdust, wood, lumber, at saw mill, 999 Peachtree st. Phone 2304, north.

WE ARE especially prepared to make newspaper cuts in order that a half-tone may show up well in the newspaper. It must be made especially for printing of that character. Our newspaper cuts receive the highest praise by publishers generally. For price and further information address: The Southern Engraving Company, Atlanta, Ga., second floor Constitution building.

PHONES 1050—Choice Turkey, Kansas City Ducks, Blue Ribbon White Plume Celery, Fancy Tennessee Hens, etc. Wilkerson & Bro., 77 Peachtree.

FOR SALE—Office fixtures, quarter-sawn oak, good and solid. Apply to B. Dun-can, care Constitution.

FOR SALE—Woodworking machines and iron machine tools, new and second-hand. Richards Machine Co., 64 S. Forsyth.

MISCELLANEOUS. CITRABET and best coal in Atlanta for sale by J. W. Williams & Co. Prompt service. Phone 356. Try us once.

FOR THE BEST OF EVERYTHING GO TO PRUDENTIAL RESTAURANT. B. VIGNAUX, MANAGER.

AT THE next meeting of council application will be made for a transfer of license from Dan Gavashian to Mendel Katzoff, 150 Decatur street.

SOUTHERN ENGRAVING CO., second floor, Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga., conducts the best equipped engraving plant in the south.

OUR engraving plant is complete. We are specially fitted for making half-tones of the finest quality. The product of our factory is as fine as can be turned out in the east or west. For prices and particulars address Southern Engraving Company, Atlanta, Ga., second floor, Constitution building.

CASH PAID FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. JULIUS R. WATTS & CO., 28 WHITEHALL ST.

WANTED—To buy 500 old feather beds. Highest cash price paid. Drop postal. Will call. Bruce Williams, 216 E. Hunter street.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS. WANTED—Pocket mirrors of different firms and business. I pay the best price. Address with description, X. Y. Z., this office.

SAY! Go up in the garret, then down in the cellar, and look up those old, broken articles of furniture you have stored away there; we will pay you the highest cash prices for same; call us up. Bell phone 3912; Atlanta 64. Miller & Acton, 87 South Fryor.

FOR SALE—CHICKENS, EGGS. TEN pair fancy Tumbler pigeons, all colors, \$1 per pair. Alston Berry, Rome, Ga.

WATCHES REPAIRED. WANTED—All your fine watch, clock and jewelry repairing done promptly; guaranteed. Charles A. Green, 2 S. Broad st.

TIN AND METAL WORK. TIN and sheet metal work roofing and repairing. Prompt attention. Call C. A. Gouge, 83 N. Pryor st. Bell 148.

WOOD AND COAL. TRY one ton Woodridge Jellico coal and you will use no other. Henry Melner, 516 Marietta st. Phone 1787.

CARRIAGES AND WAGONS. NEW and second-hand carriages of all styles. Carriages built to order. John M. Smith, 120 Auburn ave.

FINE WATCHES AND JEWELRY. SPECIALTIES—FINE WATCHES AND REPAIRING AND DIAMOND SETTING. BOLEY, THE PEACHTREE JEWELER, 99 BELL 1620. STANDARD 822.

DYEING AND CLEANING. SOUTHERN DYE AND CLEANING WORKS, main office 38 N. Forsyth st. Skillful, prompt and reliable.

GARNER'S PLACE. 83 DECATUR STREET. CHOICE venison meats and pure pork sausage. Chickens, turkeys, ducks and oysters. Bell 165, Standard 555.

INFORMATION WANTED. THOSE who have used Dr. Thatcher's Liver and Blood Syrup and been benefited will receive information of great value by addressing Box 435, Atlanta, Ga.

SQUARE PIANOS. We have a few square pianos in good condition for the very low price. Prices low, and terms very easy—payments small. Will allow amount paid on a new one any time within a year. Write to W. H. Wilson or call S. W. Carson, 61-1-2 South Broad.

MILLINERY. FINE TRIMMED HATS, value \$10, for \$5. Ready-to-wear hats, value \$3, for \$1.50. Untrimmed hats, value \$1.50, for 75c. Hats cleaned, oiled, feathers smoothed and dyed. Mrs. C. H. Smith, 180 Peachtree street.

SEEDS. SWEET Peas, Narcissus, Tulip, Lilies and Crocus for out-door planting. Mark W. Johnson Seed Co., 33 South Pryor street.

AUTOMOBILES AND BICYCLES. AUTOMOBILES, bicycles, sundries and repairs. Alexander-Ellyea Company, the largest bicycle supply house in the south. 58 North Fryor st.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—Houses, stores, offices and rooms in any part of the city. Call and we will take you to see anything on our list. M. L. Throver, renting agent, 39 North Forsyth st.

GET our weekly rent-bulletin giving descriptions of everything to rent. We move tenants free; see notice. John J. Woodside, renting agent, 50 N. Broad st.

FOR RENT—8-room new modern apartment. Parlor, dining room, kitchen, 3 bedrooms, bathroom, bath, and public school. Beautiful home at special bargain. \$22.50. W. M. Scott & Co.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. WELL FURNISHED room, every convenience for one or more persons. 77 Fairlie street, one block from Grand opera house.

MEDICAL. LADIES. Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills are the best. Safe. Reliable. Take no other. Send 4c stamps for "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. Ask your druggist. Chichester Chemical Co., Phila., Pa.

THOSE who have used Dr. Thatcher's Liver and Blood Syrup and been benefited will receive information of great value by addressing Box 435, Atlanta, Ga.

THE KELLEY INSTITUTE for the cure of Leucorrhea, Gonorrhea, Syphilis, Scabies, Tobacco and Cigarette habits. Informative and adopted by U. S. government. For information, write to Kelley Institute, 591 Whitehall st., Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE. A. J. WEST & CO., Improved and vacant property, all sizes, locations and prices. Phone 1754. Century building.

NORTHERN & DUNSON, Real Estate Agents, 409 Equitable.

NO. 205 WASHINGTON, large elevated, east front lot, 58x200, near Rawson street, only \$1,500. Call on J. W. Williams & Co., 356 N. Broad st.

CENTRAL residence property, close in, on a large corner lot, all conveniences, modern home, elevated lot, servants' house, stable, Juniper St., \$12,100.

ELEVATED Ponce de Leon Ave., 50 by 200, near Jackson, \$12,100.

EIGHT-ROOM, two-story, well arranged, modern home, elevated lot, servants' house, stable, Juniper St., \$12,100.

BUSINESS LOT, block of Equitable building, Edgewood Ave., \$3,000.

MANUFACTURING SITE—Western and Atlantic railroad, 65 by 270, near city limits. \$3,000.

William S. Ansley, Real Estate, 217 Century Building.

NORTH SIDE home! Forced sale; got to go quick; house cost over \$6,000; nice corner lot, not too far out; price \$5,000. Don't miss it.

BEAUTIFUL North Boulevard lots, near Forest and Levee, each \$5,000. Call on J. W. Williams & Co., 356 N. Broad st.

WEST END—8-room new house; a beauty; nice lot; \$4,000.

FOREST AVE. LOT, near Jackson St. One of the best in the city; \$2,500.

WEST END—7-room house, good lot; price \$2,500; easy terms.

865 Store on paved street, renting for \$7.50. Tel. 288; if I'm not in, ask for Mr. Spangston and he will show the property.

GAS AND GASOLINE ENGINES. THE "Foss" engines are adapted to all power purposes; cheaper than steam or electric power. Call on J. W. Williams & Co., 356 N. Broad st.

FOR SALE—FURNITURES. FOUR 9-foot wall cases, five plate glass cases, one 12-foot case, one 14-foot case, one 16-foot case, one 18-foot case, one 20-foot case, one 22-foot case, one 24-foot case, one 26-foot case, one 28-foot case, one 30-foot case, one 32-foot case, one 34-foot case, one 36-foot case, one 38-foot case, one 40-foot case, one 42-foot case, one 44-foot case, one 46-foot case, one 48-foot case, one 50-foot case, one 52-foot case, one 54-foot case, one 56-foot case, one 58-foot case, one 60-foot case, one 62-foot case, one 64-foot case, one 66-foot case, one 68-foot case, one 70-foot case, one 72-foot case, one 74-foot case, one 76-foot case, one 78-foot case, one 80-foot case, one 82-foot case, one 84-foot case, one 86-foot case, one 88-foot case, one 90-foot case, one 92-foot case, one 94-foot case, one 96-foot case, one 98-foot case, one 100-foot case, one 102-foot case, one 104-foot case, one 106-foot case, one 108-foot case, one 110-foot case, one 112-foot case, one 114-foot case, one 116-foot case, one 118-foot case, one 120-foot case, one 122-foot case, one 124-foot case, one 126-foot case, one 128-foot case, one 130-foot case, one 132-foot case, one 134-foot case, one 136-foot case, one 138-foot case, one 140-foot case, one 142-foot case, one 144-foot case, one 146-foot case, one 148-foot case, one 150-foot case, one 152-foot case, one 154-foot case, one 156-foot case, one 158-foot case, one 160-foot case, one 162-foot case, one 164-foot case, one 166-foot case, one 168-foot case, one 170-foot case, one 172-foot case, one 174-foot case, one 176-foot case, one 178-foot case, one 180-foot case, one 182-foot case, one 184-foot case, one 186-foot case, one 188-foot case, one 190-foot case, one 192-foot case, one 194-foot case, one 196-foot case, one 198-foot case, one 200-foot case, one 202-foot case, one 204-foot case, one 206-foot case, one 208-foot case, one 210-foot case, one 212-foot case, one 214-foot case, one 216-foot case, one 218-foot case, one 220-foot 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326-foot case, one 328-foot case, one 330-foot case, one 332-foot case, one 334-foot case, one 336-foot case, one 338-foot case, one 340-foot case, one 342-foot case, one 344-foot case, one 346-foot case, one 348-foot case, one 350-foot case, one 352-foot case, one 354-foot case, one 356-foot case, one 358-foot case, one 360-foot case, one 362-foot case, one 364-foot case, one 366-foot case, one 368-foot case, one 370-foot case, one 372-foot case, one 374-foot case, one 376-foot case, one 378-foot case, one 380-foot case, one 382-foot case, one 384-foot case, one 386-foot case, one 388-foot case, one 390-foot case, one 392-foot case, one 394-foot case, one 396-foot case, one 398-foot case, one 400-foot case, one 402-foot case, one 404-foot case, one 406-foot case, one 408-foot case, one 410-foot case, one 412-foot case, one 414-foot case, one 416-foot case, one 418-foot case, one 420-foot case, one 422-foot case, one 424-foot case, one 426-foot case, one 428-foot case, one 430-foot case, one 432-foot case, one 434-foot case, one 436-foot case, one 438-foot case, one 440-foot case, one 442-foot case, one 444-foot case, one 446-foot case, one 448-foot case, one 450-foot case, one 452-foot case, one 454-foot case, one 456-foot case, one 458-foot case, one 460-foot case, one 462-foot case, one 464-foot case, one 466-foot case, one 468-foot case, one 470-foot case, one 472-foot case, one 474-foot case, one 476-foot case, one 478-foot case, one 480-foot case, one 482-foot case, one 484-foot case, one 486-foot case, one 488-foot case, one 490-foot case, one 492-foot case, one 494-foot case, one 496-foot case, one 498-foot case, one 500-foot case, one 502-foot case, one 504-foot case, one 506-foot case, one 508-foot case, one 510-foot case, one 512-foot case, one 514-foot case, one 516-foot case, one 518-foot case, one 520-foot case, one 522-foot case, one 524-foot case, one 526-foot case, one 528-foot case, one 530-foot case, one 532-foot case, one 534-foot case, one 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case, one 642-foot case, one 644-foot case, one 646-foot case, one 648-foot case, one 650-foot case, one 652-foot case, one 654-foot case, one 656-foot case, one 658-foot case, one 660-foot case, one 662-foot case, one 664-foot case, one 666-foot case, one 668-foot case, one 670-foot case, one 672-foot case, one 674-foot case, one 676-foot case, one 678-foot case, one 680-foot case, one 682-foot case, one 684-foot case, one 686-foot case, one 688-foot case, one 690-foot case, one 692-foot case, one 694-foot case, one 696-foot case, one 698-foot case, one 700-foot case, one 702-foot case, one 704-foot case, one 706-foot case, one 708-foot case, one 710-foot case, one 712-foot case, one 714-foot case, one 716-foot case, one 718-foot case, one 720-foot case, one 722-foot case, one 724-foot case, one 726-foot case, one 728-foot case, one 730-foot case, one 732-foot case, one 734-foot case, one 736-foot case, one 738-foot case, one 740-foot case, one 742-foot case, one 744-foot case, one 746-foot case, one 748-foot case, one 750-foot case, one 752-foot case, one 754-foot case, one 756-foot case, one 758-foot case, one 760-foot case, one 762-foot case, one 764-foot case, one 766-foot case, one 768-foot case, one 770-foot case, one 772-foot case, one 774-foot case, one 776-foot case, one 778-foot case, one 780-foot case, one 782-foot case, one 784-foot case, one 786-foot case, one 788-foot case, one 790-foot case, one 792-foot case, one 794-foot case, one 796-foot case, one 798-foot case, one 800-foot case, one 802-foot case, one 804-foot case, one 806-foot case, one 808-foot case, one 810-foot case, one 812-foot case, one 814-foot case,

Park Row, New York.